Matching Strength with Flexibility





Rubber Process Oils







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DIVYOL RUBBER FLEX - A1

Section 1: Identification of the Substance / Mixtur	e				
1.1 Product identifier					
Product name	Divyol Rubber Flex – A1				
Product description	Aromatic Oil				
Product type	Rubber Process Oil				
MARPOL Annex-1	****				
1.2 Identified uses					
Distribution of substance	Industrial				
Formulation & (re)packing of substance & mixtures	Industrial				
Manufacture of substance	Industrial				
Functional fluids	Industrial				
Section 2: Hazard Identification					
4-Extreme	Health	1			
3-High	Flammability	1			
2-Moderate	Reactivity	0			
1-Slight	Special	-			
Section 3: Compostion / Information on Ingredien	ts				
Product / Ingredient name	Distillates (Petroleum) mixture of I	nydro-treated hydrocarbons			
Section 4: First Aid Measures					
Inhalation exposure	Remove to fresh air & provide oxyg	en, if breathing is difficult. Contact physician			
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing. Flush skin with water. Wash skin thoroughly with mild soap & water. If irritation occurs, call a physician.				
Swallowing or other	Do not induce vomiting. In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities are ingested. Get medical advice.				
Eye contact	Rinse continuously with water for several minutes. Get medical attention, if irritation persists.				
Protection first-aiders	Disconnecting electrical supply. Ensure adequate ventilation and check that a safe and breathing area is available before entry into confined spaces.				
Section 5: Fire Fighting Measures					
5.1 Extinguishing media					
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Use dry powder, foam, carbon dioxide. Do not use direct water and wet chemicals, or water on the burning product. They may spread the fire. Use foam simultaneously on the surface.				
5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture					
Hazards from the substance or mixture	Flammable liquids in pressurised containers may rupture and when exposed to heat, creating a highly flammable vapour cloud.				
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	Incomplete combustion is likely to give rise to a complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates, gases, including carbon monoxide, H_2S , SO_x (sulphur oxides) or sulphuric acid and unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.				
5.3 Advice for firefighters					
Special precautions for firefighters	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.				
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Firefighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face- piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for firefighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.				







6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures				
For non-emergency personnel	Keep non-involved personnel away from the area of spillage. Alert emergency personnel. Except in case of small spillages, the feasibility of any actions should always be assessed and advised, if possible, by a trained, competent person in charge of managing the emergency. Stop leak if safe to do so. Avoid direct contact with the product. Stay upwind / keep distance from source. In case of large spillages, alert occupants in downwind areas. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Spillages of limited amounts of product, especially in the open air when vapours will be usually quickly dispersed, are dynamic situations, which will presumably limit the exposure to dangerous concentrations. Note : Recommended measures are based on the most likely spillage scenarios for this material; however, local conditions (wind, air temperature, wave / current direction and speed) may significantly influence the choice of appropriate actions.			
For emergency responders	For this reason, local experts should be consulted when necessary. Local regulations may also prescribe or limit actions to be taken. Small spillages: Normal antistatic working clothes are usually adequate. Large spillages: Full body suit of chemically resistant and thermal resistant material should be used. Work gloves providing adequate chemical resistance, specifically to aromatic hydrocarbons. Note: Gloves made of PVA are not water-resistant, and are not suitable for emergency use. Safety helmet, antistatic non-skid safety shoes or boots. Goggles and / or face shield, if splashes or contact with eyes is possible or anticipated. Respiratory Protection : A half or full-face respirator with filter(s) for organic vapours (and when applicable for H ₂ S) a Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) can be used according to the extent of spill and predictable amount of exposure. If the situation cannot be completely assessed, or if an oxygen deficiency is possible, only SCBA's should be used.			
6.2 Environmental precautions	Prevent product from entering sewers, rivers or other bodies of water. If necessary dike the product with dry earth, sand or similar non-combustible materials. In case of soil contamination, remove contaminated soil and treat in accordance with local regulations. In case of small spillages in closed waters (i.e. ports), contain product with floating barriers or other equipment. Collect spilled product by absorbing with specific floating absorbents. If possible, large spillages in open waters should be contained with floating barriers or other mechanical means. If this is not possible, control the spreading of the spillage, and collect the product by skimming or other suitable mechanical means. The use of dispersants should be advised by an expert, and, if required, approved by local authorities.			
6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning	up			
Small spill	Stop leak if without risk. Absorb spilled product with suitable non-combustible materials.			
Large spill	Large spillages may be cautiously covered with foam, if available, to limit vapour cloud formation. Do not use water jet. When inside buildings or confined spaces, ensure adequate ventilation. Transfer collected product and other contaminated materials to suitable containers for recovery or safe disposal.			
6.4 Reference to other sections	See Section 1: For emergency contact information. See Section 8: For information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13: For additional waste treatment information.			
Section 7: Handling and Storage				
7.1 Advice on general information – hygiene, storage	Obtain special instructions before use. Keep away from heat / sparks / open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking. Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Hazard of slipping on spilt product. Avoid release to the environment.			
7.2 Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities	Storage area layout, tank design, equipment and operating procedures must comply with the relevant regional, national or local legislation. Storage installations should be designed with adequate bunds in case of leaks or spills. Cleaning, inspection and maintenance of internal structure of storage tanks must be done only by properly equipped and qualified personnel as defined by national, local or company regulations. Store separately from oxidising agents.			
7.3 Specific end use(s) – Recommendations	Keep only in the original container or in a suitable container for this kind of product. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Empty containers may contain harmful, flammable / combustible or explosive residue or vapours. Do not cut, grind, drill, weld, reuse or dispose of containers unless adequate precautions are taken against these hazards. Protect from sunlight.			





Section 8: Exposure Controls / Personal Protection	n
The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted	for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).
8.1 Control parameters	
Occupational exposure limits	
Product / Ingredient name	AFS 2015:7 (Sweden, 12/2015). TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: mist and fume STEL: 3 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: mist and fume.
Exposure limits values	Distillates, mixture of hydrocarbons AFS 2015:7 (Sweden, 12/2015). TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: mist and fume STEL: 3 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: mist and fume [Air contaminant]
Recommended monitoring procedures	If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres – Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres – Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres – General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents). Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.
8.2 Exposure control Appropriate engineering controls	Mechanical ventilation and local exhaust will reduce exposure via the air. Use oil resistant material in construction of handling equipment. Store under recommended conditions and if heated, temperature control equipment should be used to avoid overheating.
Individual protection measures	
Hygiene measures	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
Eye / face protection	Recommended: Safety glasses with side shields.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	4 – 8 hours (breakthrough time): nitrile rubber.
Body protection	Wear protective clothing if there is a risk of skin contact. Change contaminated clothes at the end of working shift.
Other skin protection	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Use a properly fitted, particulate filter respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.
Environmental exposure control	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties	
Appearance	Opaque
Physical state	Viscous liquid
Colour	Dark greenish black
Odor	Petroleum odor
Odour threshold	Not available
рН	Not applicable
Pour point	< 21 °C (ASTM D 97)
Flash point	> 200 °C
Evaporation rate	Not available
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available
Flammability limits in air (lower), % by volume	Not available
Flammability limits in air (upper), % by volume	Not available
Vapour pressure	Not available
Density (g/ml)	1.000 max at 15 °C







Solubility (water)		Insoluble in water			
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)		Not available			
Decomposition temperature		No data			
Auto-ignition temperature		>300 °C			
Kinematic viscosity at 100 °C (210	°F)	12 – 19 cSt. (AS	TM D 445)		
Explosive properties		No data			
Oxidising properties		No data			
DMSO extractable compounds for according to IP346	r base oil substance(s)	Not available			
Section 10: Stability and Rea	ctivity				
10.1 Reactivity	,	No specific test	data related to reactivity availa	able for this product or its ing	redients.
10.2 Chemical stability		Stable under no	ormal conditions		
10.3 Possibility of hazardous rea	ctions	Under normal c	onditions of storage and use, h	nazardous reactions will not o	ccur. Oxidising agent.
10.4 Conditions to avoid		Keep away from	n extreme heat and oxidising a	aents.	
10.5 Incompatible materials		Incomplete con	nbustion is likely to give rise to	a complex mixture of airborn	ne solid and liquid
10.6 Hazardous decomposition	products	particulates, gas unidentified or	ses, including carbon monoxid	e, H ₂ S, SO _x (sulphur oxides) or Is	r sulphuric acid and
SECTION 11: Toxicological In	formation		Jane compound		
11.1 Information on toxicologica					
	a enects				
				2	-
Product / ingredient name	Result		Species	Dose //	Exposure
Distillate (Petroleum), hydro	LC 50 Innalation due	sts and mists	Rat	>2.18mg/1	4 nours
treated heavy paraffinic	LD 50 Dermal		Rabbit	> 5000 mg/kg	-
	LD SU UR	al	Kat	>15000 mg/kg	-
Irritation / corrosion					
Skin					
Eye		No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Respiratory					
Sensation					
Skin		No known signi	ficant effects or critical hazard	5.	
Respiratory					
Mutagenicity		No data available to indicate product or any components present greater than 0.1 % are multigene or genotoxic.			
Carcinogenicity		The base oil(s) in this product is based on an severely hydrotreated distillate.			
Reproductive toxicity		The product should not be regarded as a carcinogen. Contains no ingredient listed as toxic to reproduction.			
Specific target organ toxicity – sin	gle exposure	Not classified	· · · · ·		
Specific target organ toxicity – rep	beated exposure				
Aspiration hazard		Aspiration hazard – Category 1			
Information on likely routes of exposure		Not available			
Potential acute health effects					
Eye contact		Eye contact may	y cause redness and transient p	oain.	
Inhalation		Inhalation of oil	mist or vapours at elevated te	mperatures may cause respire	atory irritation.
Skin contact		No known signi	ficant effects or critical hazard	5.	
Ingestion		May be fatal if s	wallowed and enters airways.		
Potential chronic health effects					
General		No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Carcinogenicity		The base oil(s) in this product is based on an severely hydrotreated distillate. The product should not be regarded as a carcinogen.			







Mutagenicity						
Teratogenicity		No. In some sime if and a ff and an activity of her mode				
Product / ingredient name		NO KNOWN S	significant effects or critical haza	ards.		
Fertility effects						
Other information Specific hazard		Not availab	le			
Section 12: Ecological Information						
12.1 Toxicity		Not expecte	ed to be harmful to aquatic orga	anisms.		
12.2 Persistence and degradability		Not inherer	ntly biodegradable.			
12.3 Bioaccumulative potential		Bioaccumulation is unlikely to be significant because of the low water solubility of this product.				
12.4 Mobility in soil		Not considered mobile.				
12.5 Results of PBT & vPvB assessment		Not applica	ble			
12.6 Other adverse effects		Insoluble in Oxygen trai	water. Spills may form a film or nsfer could also be impaired.	n water surfaces causing physica	al damage to organisms.	
Section 13: Disposal Consideration	15					
The information in this section contains	generic advice and enario(s).	l guidance. T	he list of Identified Uses in Secti	on 1 should be consulted for ar	ny available use-specific	
Product Methods of disposal		Where possible (e.g. in the absence of relevant contamination), recycling of used substance is feasible and recommended. This substance can be burned or incinerated, subject to national/local authorisations, relevant contamination limits, safety regulations and air quality legislation. Contaminated or waste substance (not directly recyclable): Disposal can be carried out directly, or by delivery to qualified waste handlers. National legislation may identify a specific organisation, and/or prescribe composition limits and methods for recovery or disposal				
Hazardous waste		Yes				
European waste catalogue (EWC) Waste	Code 13 03 07*	Waste designation.				
Packaging		Mineral-ba	sed non-chlorinated insulating	and heat transmission oils.		
Methods of disposal		The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.				
Section 14: Transport Information		-				
International transport regulations						
	ADR / R	ID	ADN	IMO / IMDG Classification	ICAO / IATA Classification	
14.1 UN number	Not regul	ated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	
14.2 UN proper shipping name			_	_	_	
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	_		_	_	_	
14.4 Packing group	_		_	_	_	
14.5 Environmental hazards	No		No	No	No	
Additional Information	-		_	_	_	
14.6 Special precautions for user oils]	
14.7 Transport in bulk according to An	nex I of MARPOL 7	73/78 and the	e IBC Code			
Section 15: Regulatory Informatio	n					
15.1 Safety, health and environmental	regulations / legi	slation specif	fic for the substance or mixture	EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/	2006 (REACH)	
Annex XIV – List of substances subject to authorisation Annex XIV Substances of very high concern		None of the components are listed				
Annex XVII – Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles.		Not applicable				
International Lists National Inventory		Inventory name				
Australia		Australian I	nventory of Chemical Substance	es (AICS) – Yes		
Canada		Domestic S	ubstances List (DSL) – Yes stic Substances List (NDSL) – No			
China		Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC) – Yes				
Ciiiia		inventory of existing chemical substances in China (IECSC) – Yes				







Europa	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS) – Yes			
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS) – No			
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS) – Yes			
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL) – Yes			
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory – Yes			
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS) – Yes			
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory – Yes			
$^{*}\mbox{A}$ "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comp A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product the product of the prod	oly with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s) uct are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).			
Section 16: Other Information				
Revision comments				
Legend to abbreviations				
ADR	European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous good by road.			
RID	Regulations agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous good by rail.			
IMDG Code	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code.			
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization.			
IATA	International Air Transport Association.			
GHS	Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.			
CLP	Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.1272/2008].			
SCBA	Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus.			
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006].			
LC 50	Median lethal concentration.			
LD 50	Median lethal dose.			
РВТ	Persistent, Bio accumulative and Toxic.			

GANDHAR OIL REFINERY (INDIA) LTD.				
Taloja Plant	Plot No.10, MIDC, Main Road, Taloja, Taluka Panvel, District - Raigad 410208, India.			
Silvassa Plant	Plot No. 2, Survey No. 678/1/3, Village Naroli, Near Naroli Check Post, Silvassa, Dadra & Nagar Haveli, Union Territory 396230, India.			
Emergency / Info Phone No.	Phone: +91-22-40635600 • Fax: +91-22-40635601			
Email	info@gandharoil.com			





DIVYOL RUBBER FLEX - A

Section 1: Identification of the Substance / Mixture					
1.1 Product identifier					
Product name	Divyol Rubber Flex – A				
Product description	Aromatic Oil				
Product type	Rubber Process Oil				
MARPOL Annex-1	****				
1.2 Identified uses					
Distribution of substance	Industrial				
Formulation & (re)packing of substance & mixtures	Industrial				
Manufacture of substance	Industrial				
Functional fluids	Industrial				
Section 2: Hazard Identification					
4-Extreme	Health	1			
3-High	Flammability	1			
2-Moderate	Reactivity	0			
1-Slight	Special	-			
Section 3: Compostion / Information on Ingredien	ts				
Product / Ingredient name	Distillates (Petroleum) mixture of I	nydro-treated hydrocarbons			
Section 4: First Aid Measures	l				
Inhalation exposure	Remove to fresh air & provide oxyg	en, if breathing is difficult. Contact physician			
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing. Flush skin with water. Wash skin thoroughly with mild soap & water. If irritation occurs, call a physician.				
Swallowing or other	Do not induce vomiting. In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities are ingested. Get medical advice.				
Eye contact	Rinse continuously with water for several minutes. Get medical attention, if irritation persists.				
Protection first-aiders	Disconnecting electrical supply. Ensure adequate ventilation and check that a safe and breathing area is available before entry into confined spaces.				
Section 5: Fire Fighting Measures					
5.1 Extinguishing media					
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Use dry powder, foam, carbon dioxide. Do not use direct water and wet chemicals, or water on the burning product. They may spread the fire. Use foam simultaneously on the surface.				
5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture					
Hazards from the substance or mixture	Flammable liquids in pressurised containers may rupture and when exposed to heat, creating a highly flammable vapour cloud.				
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	Incomplete combustion is likely to give rise to a complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates, gases, including carbon monoxide, H_2S , SO_x (sulphur oxides) or sulphuric acid and unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.				
5.3 Advice for firefighters					
Special precautions for firefighters	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.				
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Firefighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face- piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for firefighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.				







6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures				
For non-emergency personnel	Keep non-involved personnel away from the area of spillage. Alert emergency personnel. Except in case of small spillages, the feasibility of any actions should always be assessed and advised, if possible, by a trained, competent person in charge of managing the emergency. Stop leak if safe to do so. Avoid direct contact with the product. Stay upwind / keep distance from source. In case of large spillages, alert occupants in downwind areas. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Spillages of limited amounts of product, especially in the open air when vapours will be usually quickly dispersed, are dynamic situations, which will presumably limit the exposure to dangerous concentrations. Note : Recommended measures are based on the most likely spillage scenarios for this material; however, local conditions (wind, air temperature, wave / current direction and speed) may significantly influence the choice of appropriate actions.			
For emergency responders	For this reason, local experts should be consulted when necessary. Local regulations may also prescribe or limit actions to be taken. Small spillages: Normal antistatic working clothes are usually adequate. Large spillages: Full body suit of chemically resistant and thermal resistant material should be used. Work gloves providing adequate chemical resistance, specifically to aromatic hydrocarbons. Note: Gloves made of PVA are not water-resistant, and are not suitable for emergency use. Safety helmet, antistatic non-skid safety shoes or boots. Goggles and / or face shield, if splashes or contact with eyes is possible or anticipated. Respiratory Protection : A half or full-face respirator with filter(s) for organic vapours (and when applicable for H ₂ S) a Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) can be used according to the extent of spill and predictable amount of exposure. If the situation cannot be completely assessed, or if an oxygen deficiency is possible, only SCBA's should be used.			
6.2 Environmental precautions	Prevent product from entering sewers, rivers or other bodies of water. If necessary dike the product with dry earth, sand or similar non-combustible materials. In case of soil contamination, remove contaminated soil and treat in accordance with local regulations. In case of small spillages in closed waters (i.e. ports), contain product with floating barriers or other equipment. Collect spilled product by absorbing with specific floating absorbents. If possible, large spillages in open waters should be contained with floating barriers or other mechanical means. If this is not possible, control the spreading of the spillage, and collect the product by skimming or other suitable mechanical means. The use of dispersants should be advised by an expert, and, if required, approved by local authorities.			
6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning	up			
Small spill	Stop leak if without risk. Absorb spilled product with suitable non-combustible materials.			
Large spill	Large spillages may be cautiously covered with foam, if available, to limit vapour cloud formation. Do not use water jet. When inside buildings or confined spaces, ensure adequate ventilation. Transfer collected product and other contaminated materials to suitable containers for recovery or safe disposal.			
6.4 Reference to other sections	See Section 1: For emergency contact information. See Section 8: For information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13: For additional waste treatment information.			
Section 7: Handling and Storage				
7.1 Advice on general information – hygiene, storage	Obtain special instructions before use. Keep away from heat / sparks / open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking. Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Hazard of slipping on spilt product. Avoid release to the environment.			
7.2 Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities	Storage area layout, tank design, equipment and operating procedures must comply with the relevant regional, national or local legislation. Storage installations should be designed with adequate bunds in case of leaks or spills. Cleaning, inspection and maintenance of internal structure of storage tanks must be done only by properly equipped and qualified personnel as defined by national, local or company regulations. Store separately from oxidising agents.			
7.3 Specific end use(s) – Recommendations	Keep only in the original container or in a suitable container for this kind of product. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Empty containers may contain harmful, flammable / combustible or explosive residue or vapours. Do not cut, grind, drill, weld, reuse or dispose of containers unless adequate precautions are taken against these hazards. Protect from sunlight.			







Section 8: Exposure Controls / Personal Protection						
The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted	for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).					
8.1 Control parameters						
Occupational exposure limits						
Product / Ingredient name	AFS 2015:7 (Sweden, 12/2015). TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: mist and fume STEL: 3 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: mist and fume.					
Exposure limits values	Distillates, mixture of hydrocarbons AFS 2015:7 (Sweden, 12/2015). TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: mist and fume STEL: 3 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: mist and fume [Air contaminant]					
Recommended monitoring procedures	If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres – Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres – Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres – General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents). Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.					
8.2 Exposure control Appropriate engineering controls	Mechanical ventilation and local exhaust will reduce exposure via the air. Use oil resistant material in construction of handling equipment. Store under recommended conditions and if heated, temperature control equipment should be used to avoid overheating.					
Individual protection measures						
Hygiene measures	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.					
Eye / face protection	Recommended: Safety glasses with side shields.					
Skin protection						
Hand protection	4 – 8 hours (breakthrough time): nitrile rubber.					
Body protection	Wear protective clothing if there is a risk of skin contact. Change contaminated clothes at the end of working shift.					
Other skin protection	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.					
Respiratory protection	Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Use a properly fitted, particulate filter respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.					
Environmental exposure control	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.					
Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties						
Appearance	Opaque					
Physical state	Viscous liquid					
Colour	Dark greenish black					
Odor	Petroleum odor					
Odour threshold	Not available					
рН	Not applicable					
Pour point	< +24 °C (ASTM D 97)					
Flash point	> 220 °C					
Evaporation rate	Not available					
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available					
Flammability limits in air (lower), % by volume	Not available					
Flammability limits in air (upper), % by volume	Not available					
Vapour pressure	Not available					
Density (g/ml)	1.020 max at 15 °C					







Solubility (water)		Insoluble in water			
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)		Not available			
Decomposition temperature		No data			
Auto-ignition temperature		>300 °C			
Kinematic viscosity at 100 °C (210	°F)	18 – 30 cSt. (AS ⁻	TM D 445)		
Explosive properties		No data			
Oxidising properties		No data			
DMSO extractable compounds for	r base oil substance(s)	Not available			
according to IP346		NOT available			
Section 10: Stability and Rea	ctivity				
10.1 Reactivity		No specific test	data related to reactivity availa	able for this product or its ing	redients.
10.2 Chemical stability		Stable under no	ormal conditions		
10.3 Possibility of hazardous rea	ctions	Under normal c	conditions of storage and use, h	nazardous reactions will not o	ccur. Oxidising agent.
10.4 Conditions to avoid		Keep away from	n extreme heat and oxidising a	gents.	
10.5 Incompatible materials		Incomplete con	nbustion is likely to give rise to	a complex mixture of airborn	ne solid and liquid
10.6 Hazardous decomposition	products	unidentified org	ganic and inorganic compound	ds.	
SECTION 11: Toxicological In	formation				
11.1 Information on toxicologica	al effects				
Acute toxicity					
Product / ingredient name	Result		Species	Dose	Exposure
	LC 50 Inhalation due	sts and mists	Rat	>2.18mg/l	4 hours
Distillate (Petroleum), hydro	LD 50 Dermal		Rabbit	> 5000 mg/kg	-
treated heavy paramine	LD 50 Oral		Rat	>15000 mg/kg	-
Irritation / corrosion					
Skin					
Eve		No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Respiratory					
Sensation					
Skin		No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Respiratory					
Mutagenicity		No data available to indicate product or any components present greater than 0.1 % are multigene or genotoxic.			
Carcinogenicity		The base oil(s) in this product is based on an severely hydrotreated distillate.			
Reproductive toxicity		The product should not be regarded as a carcinogen. Contains no ingredient listed as toxic to reproduction.			
Specific target organ toxicity – sin	gle exposure				
Specific target organ toxicity – rep	peated exposure	Not classified			
Aspiration hazard		Aspiration hazard – Category 1			
Information on likely routes of exposure		Not available			
Potential acute health effects					
Eye contact		Eye contact may cause redness and transient pain.			
Inhalation		Inhalation of oil mist or vapours at elevated temperatures may cause respiratory irritation.			
Skin contact		No known signi	ificant effects or critical hazard	5.	
Ingestion		May be fatal if s	wallowed and enters airways.		
Potential chronic health effects			,		
General		No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Carcinogenicity		The base oil(s) in this product is based on an severely hydrotreated distillate. The product should not be regarded as a carcinogen.			







Mutagenicity							
Teratogenicity			No. 1				
Product / ingredient name		No known s	No known significant effects or critical hazards.				
Fertility effects							
Other information Specific hazard		Not availab	le				
Section 12: Ecological Information	l						
12.1 Toxicity		Not expected	ed to be harmful to aquatic orga	anisms.			
12.2 Persistence and degradability		Not inherer	Not inherently biodegradable				
12.3 Bioaccumulative potential		Bioaccumu	lation is unlikely to be significan	t because of the low water solu	bility of this product.		
12.4 Mobility in soil		Not considered mobile.					
12.5 Results of PBT & vPvB assessment		Not applicable					
12.6 Other adverse effects		Insoluble in Oxygen trai	water. Spills may form a film or nsfer could also be impaired.	n water surfaces causing physica	al damage to organisms.		
Section 13: Disposal Consideration	15						
The information in this section contains information provided in the Exposure Sc	generic advice and enario(s).	l guidance. T	he list of Identified Uses in Secti	on 1 should be consulted for ar	ny available use-specific		
Product Methods of disposal		Where possible (e.g. in the absence of relevant contamination), recycling of used substance is feasible and recommended. This substance can be burned or incinerated, subject to national/local authorisations, relevant contamination limits, safety regulations and air quality legislation. Contaminated or waste substance (not directly recyclable): Disposal can be carried out directly, or by delivery to qualified waste handlers. National legislation may identify a specific organisation, and/or prescribe composition limits and methods for recovery or disposal					
Hazardous waste		Yes					
European waste catalogue (EWC) Waste	Code 13 03 07*	Waste designation.					
Packaging		Mineral-based non-chlorinated insulating and heat transmission oils.					
Methods of disposal		The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.					
Section 14: Transport Information							
International transport regulations							
	ADR /		ADN	IMO / IMDG Classification	ICAO / IATA Classification		
14.1 UN number	Not regula	ated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated		
14.2 UN proper shipping name	_		_	_	_		
14.3 Transport bazard class(es)	_		_	_	_		
14.4 Packing group	_		_	_	_		
14.5 Environmental bazards	No		No	No	No		
Additional Information	-		-	-	-		
14.6 Special precautions for user oils14.7 Transport in bulk according to An	nex I of MARPOL 7	73/78 and the	e IBC Code				
Section 15: Regulatory Informatio	n						
15.1 Safety, health and environmental	regulations / legis	slation specif	fic for the substance or mixture	EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/	2006 (REACH)		
Annex XIV – List of substances subject to authorisation Annex XIV Substances of very high concern		None of the components are listed					
Annex XVII – Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles.		Not applicable					
International Lists National Inventory		Inventory name					
Australia		Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS) – Yes					
Canada		Domestic Substances List (DSL) – Yes					
China		Inventory of Evicting Chamical Substances in China (ECCC) Ver					
China		Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC) – Yes					







Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS) – Yes			
	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS) – No			
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS) – Yes			
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL) – Yes			
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory – Yes			
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS) – Yes			
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory – Yes			
$^*\text{A}$ "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comp A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product	oly with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s) uct are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).			
Section 16: Other Information				
Revision comments				
Legend to abbreviations				
ADR	European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous good by road.			
RID	Regulations agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous good by rail.			
IMDG Code	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code.			
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization.			
IATA	International Air Transport Association.			
GHS	Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.			
CLP	Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.1272/2008].			
SCBA	Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus.			
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006].			
LC 50	Median lethal concentration.			
LD 50	Median lethal dose.			
РВТ	Persistent, Bio accumulative and Toxic.			

GANDHAR OIL REFINERY (INDIA) LTD.		
Taloja Plant	Plot No.10, MIDC, Main Road, Taloja, Taluka Panvel, District - Raigad 410208, India.	
Silvassa Plant	Plot No. 2, Survey No. 678/1/3, Village Naroli, Near Naroli Check Post, Silvassa, Dadra & Nagar Haveli, Union Territory 396230, India.	
Emergency / Info Phone No.	Phone: +91-22-40635600 • Fax: +91-22-40635601	
Email	info@gandharoil.com	





DIVYOL LOW PCA 360

Section 1: Identification of the Substance / Mixture				
1.1 Product identifier				
Product name	Divyol Low PCA 360			
Product description	Low Polycyclic Aromatics			
Product type	Rubber Process Oil			
MARPOL Annex-1	****			
1.2 Identified uses				
Distribution of substance	Industrial			
Formulation & (re)packing of substance & mixtures	Industrial			
Manufacture of substance	Industrial			
Functional fluids	Industrial			
Section 2: Hazard Identification	·			
4-Extreme	Health	1		
3-High	Flammability	1		
2-Moderate	Reactivity	0		
1-Slight	Special	-		
Section 3: Compostion / Information on Ingredien	ts			
Product / Ingredient name	Distillates (Petroleum) mixture of I	nydro-treated hydrocarbons		
Section 4: First Aid Measures				
Inhalation exposure	Remove to fresh air & provide oxygen, if breathing is difficult. Contact physician			
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing. Flush skin with water. Wash skin thoroughly with mild soap & water. If irritation occurs, call a physician.			
Swallowing or other	Do not induce vomiting. In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities are ingested. Get medical advice.			
Eye contact	Rinse continuously with water for several minutes. Get medical attention, if irritation persists.			
Protection first-aiders	Disconnecting electrical supply. Ensure adequate ventilation and check that a safe and breathing area is available before entry into confined spaces.			
Section 5: Fire Fighting Measures				
5.1 Extinguishing media				
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Use dry powder, foam, carbon dioxide. Do not use direct water and wet chemicals, or water on the burning product. They may spread the fire. Use foam simultaneously on the surface.			
5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture				
Hazards from the substance or mixture	Flammable liquids in pressurised containers may rupture and when exposed to heat, creating a highly flammable vapour cloud.			
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	Incomplete combustion is likely to give rise to a complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates, gases, including carbon monoxide, H ₂ S, SO _x (sulphur oxides) or sulphuric acid and unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.			
5.3 Advice for firefighters				
Special precautions for firefighters	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.			
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Firefighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face- piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for firefighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.			







6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures				
For non-emergency personnel	Keep non-involved personnel away from the area of spillage. Alert emergency personnel. Except in case of small spillages, the feasibility of any actions should always be assessed and advised, if possible, by a trained, competent person in charge of managing the emergency. Stop leak if safe to do so. Avoid direct contact with the product. Stay upwind / keep distance from source. In case of large spillages, alert occupants in downwind areas. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Spillages of limited amounts of product, especially in the open air when vapours will be usually quickly dispersed, are dynamic situations, which will presumably limit the exposure to dangerous concentrations. Note : Recommended measures are based on the most likely spillage scenarios for this material; however, local conditions (wind, air temperature, wave / current direction and speed) may significantly influence the choice of appropriate actions.			
For emergency responders	For this reason, local experts should be consulted when necessary. Local regulations may also prescribe or limit actions to be taken. Small spillages: Normal antistatic working clothes are usually adequate. Large spillages: Full body suit of chemically resistant and thermal resistant material should be used. Work gloves providing adequate chemical resistance, specifically to aromatic hydrocarbons. Note: Gloves made of PVA are not water-resistant, and are not suitable for emergency use. Safety helmet, antistatic non-skid safety shoes or boots. Goggles and / or face shield, if splashes or contact with eyes is possible or anticipated. Respiratory Protection : A half or full-face respirator with filter(s) for organic vapours (and when applicable for H ₂ S) a Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) can be used according to the extent of spill and predictable amount of exposure. If the situation cannot be completely assessed, or if an oxygen deficiency is possible, only SCBA's should be used.			
6.2 Environmental precautions	Prevent product from entering sewers, rivers or other bodies of water. If necessary dike the product with dry earth, sand or similar non-combustible materials. In case of soil contamination, remove contaminated soil and treat in accordance with local regulations. In case of small spillages in closed waters (i.e. ports), contain product with floating barriers or other equipment. Collect spilled product by absorbing with specific floating absorbents. If possible, large spillages in open waters should be contained with floating barriers or other mechanical means. If this is not possible, control the spreading of the spillage, and collect the product by skimming or other suitable mechanical means. The use of dispersants should be advised by an expert, and, if required approved by local authorities.			
6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning	up			
Small spill	Stop leak if without risk. Absorb spilled product with suitable non-combustible materials.			
Large spill	Large spillages may be cautiously covered with foam, if available, to limit vapour cloud formation. Do not use water jet. When inside buildings or confined spaces, ensure adequate ventilation. Transfer collected product and other contaminated materials to suitable containers for recovery or safe disposal.			
6.4 Reference to other sections	See Section 1: For emergency contact information. See Section 8: For information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13: For additional waste treatment information.			
Section 7: Handling and Storage				
7.1 Advice on general information – hygiene, storage	Obtain special instructions before use. Keep away from heat / sparks / open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking. Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Hazard of slipping on spilt product. Avoid release to the environment.			
7.2 Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities	Storage area layout, tank design, equipment and operating procedures must comply with the relevant regional, national or local legislation. Storage installations should be designed with adequate bunds in case of leaks or spills. Cleaning, inspection and maintenance of internal structure of storage tanks must be done only by properly equipped and qualified personnel as defined by national, local or company regulations. Store separately from oxidising agents.			
7.3 Specific end use(s) – Recommendations	Keep only in the original container or in a suitable container for this kind of product. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Empty containers may contain harmful, flammable / combustible or explosive residue or vapours. Do not cut, grind, drill, weld, reuse or dispose of containers unless adequate precautions are taken against these hazards. Protect from sunlight.			







Section 8: Exposure Controls / Personal Protection				
The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted	for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).			
8.1 Control parameters				
Occupational exposure limits				
Product / Ingredient name	AFS 2015:7 (Sweden, 12/2015). TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: mist and fume STEL: 3 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: mist and fume.			
Exposure limits values	Distillates, mixture of hydrocarbons AFS 2015:7 (Sweden, 12/2015). TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: mist and fume STEL: 3 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: mist and fume [Air contaminant]			
Recommended monitoring procedures	If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres – Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres – Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres – General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents). Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.			
8.2 Exposure control Appropriate engineering controls	Mechanical ventilation and local exhaust will reduce exposure via the air. Use oil resistant material in construction of handling equipment. Store under recommended conditions and if heated, temperature control equipment should be used to avoid overheating.			
Individual protection measures				
Hygiene measures	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.			
Eye / face protection	Recommended: Safety glasses with side shields.			
Skin protection				
Hand protection	4 – 8 hours (breakthrough time): nitrile rubber.			
Body protection	Wear protective clothing if there is a risk of skin contact. Change contaminated clothes at the end of working shift.			
Other skin protection	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.			
Respiratory protection	Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Use a properly fitted, particulate filter respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.			
Environmental exposure control	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.			
Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties				
Appearance	Clear			
Physical state	Liquid			
Colour	Yellow			
Odor	Petroleum odor			
Odour threshold	Not available			
рН	Not applicable			
Pour point	< -6 (ASTM D 97)			
Flash point	> 240 °C			
Evaporation rate	Not available			
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available			
Flammability limits in air (lower), % by volume	Not available			
Flammability limits in air (upper), % by volume	Not available			
Vapour pressure	≤ 0,1 hPa (20 °C) (Mineral oil, ASTM D 5191) (CONCAWE, 2010)			
Density (g/ml)	0.950 max at 15 °C			







Solubility (water)		Insoluble in water			
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)		Not available			
Decomposition temperature		No data			
Auto-ignition temperature		>450 °C			
Kinematic viscosity at 40 °C (104 °	F)	350 – 370 cSt. (A	ASTM D 445)		
Explosive properties		No data			
Oxidising properties		No data			
DMSO extractable compounds for according to IP346	r base oil substance(s)	<3.0 %			
Section 10: Stability and Rea	ctivity				
10.1 Reactivity		No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.			
10.2 Chemical stability		Stable under no	ormal conditions		
10.3 Possibility of hazardous rea	ctions	Under normal c	conditions of storage and use, h	nazardous reactions will not o	ccur. Oxidising agent.
10.4 Conditions to avoid		Keep away from	n extreme heat and oxidising a	gents.	
10.5 Incompatible materials		Incomplete con	nbustion is likely to give rise to	a complex mixture of airborn	e solid and liquid
10.6 Hazardous decomposition	products	unidentified org	ganic and inorganic compound	ls.	
SECTION 11: Toxicological In	formation				
11.1 Information on toxicologica	al effects				
Acute toxicity					
Product / ingredient name	Result		Species	Dose	Exposure
	LC 50 Inhalation dus	sts and mists	Rat	>2.18mg/l	4 hours
Distillate (Petroleum), hydro treated beavy paraffinic	LD 50 Dermal		Rabbit	> 5000 mg/kg	-
ireated neavy paramine	LD 50 Ora	al	Rat	>15000 mg/kg	-
Irritation / corrosion					
Skin					
Fve		No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Respiratory					
Sensation					
Skin					
Respiratory		No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Mutagenicity		No data available to indicate product or any components present greater than 0.1 % are multigene or genotoxic.			
Carcinogenicity		The base oil(s) in this product is based on an severely hydrotreated distillate.			
Reproductive toxicity		The product should not be regarded as a carcinogen. Contains no ingredient listed as toxic to reproduction.			
Specific target organ toxicity – sin	ale exposure	כטונמוזיז זוט וווקובעובות ווזרכע מז נטגוב נט ובאוטעעבנוטון.			
Specific target organ toxicity – rer	peated exposure	Not classified			
Aspiration bazard		Aspiration hazard – Category 1			
		Not available			
Potential acute health effects					
Fve contact		Eve contact may cause redness and transient pain			
Inhalation		Inhalation of oil mist or vapours at elevated temperatures may cause respiratory irritation			
Skin contact		No known significant effects or critical bazards			
Ingestion		May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways			
Potential chronic health effects					
General		No known significant effects or critical bazards			
Carcinogenicity		The base oil(s) in this product is based on an severely hydrotreated distillate. The product should not be regarded as a carcinogen.			







Mutagenicity							
Teratogenicity			No. 1				
Product / ingredient name		No known s	No known significant effects or critical hazards.				
Fertility effects							
Other information Specific hazard		Not availab	le				
Section 12: Ecological Information	l						
12.1 Toxicity		Not expected	ed to be harmful to aquatic orga	anisms.			
12.2 Persistence and degradability		Not inherer	Not inherently biodegradable				
12.3 Bioaccumulative potential		Bioaccumu	lation is unlikely to be significan	t because of the low water solu	bility of this product.		
12.4 Mobility in soil		Not considered mobile.					
12.5 Results of PBT & vPvB assessment		Not applicable					
12.6 Other adverse effects		Insoluble in Oxygen trai	water. Spills may form a film or nsfer could also be impaired.	n water surfaces causing physica	al damage to organisms.		
Section 13: Disposal Consideration	15						
The information in this section contains information provided in the Exposure Sc	generic advice and enario(s).	l guidance. T	he list of Identified Uses in Secti	on 1 should be consulted for ar	ny available use-specific		
Product Methods of disposal		Where possible (e.g. in the absence of relevant contamination), recycling of used substance is feasible and recommended. This substance can be burned or incinerated, subject to national/local authorisations, relevant contamination limits, safety regulations and air quality legislation. Contaminated or waste substance (not directly recyclable): Disposal can be carried out directly, or by delivery to qualified waste handlers. National legislation may identify a specific organisation, and/or prescribe composition limits and methods for recovery or disposal					
Hazardous waste		Yes					
European waste catalogue (EWC) Waste	Code 13 03 07*	Waste designation.					
Packaging		Mineral-based non-chlorinated insulating and heat transmission oils.					
Methods of disposal		The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.					
Section 14: Transport Information							
International transport regulations							
	ADR /		ADN	IMO / IMDG Classification	ICAO / IATA Classification		
14.1 UN number	Not regula	ated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated		
14.2 UN proper shipping name	_		_	_	_		
14.3 Transport bazard class(es)	_		_	_	_		
14.4 Packing group	_		_	_	_		
14.5 Environmental bazards	No		No	No	No		
Additional Information	-		-	-	-		
14.6 Special precautions for user oils14.7 Transport in bulk according to An	nex I of MARPOL 7	73/78 and the	e IBC Code				
Section 15: Regulatory Informatio	n						
15.1 Safety, health and environmental	regulations / legis	slation specif	fic for the substance or mixture	EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/	2006 (REACH)		
Annex XIV – List of substances subject to authorisation Annex XIV Substances of very high concern		None of the components are listed					
Annex XVII – Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles.		Not applicable					
International Lists National Inventory		Inventory name					
Australia		Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS) – Yes					
Canada		Domestic Substances List (DSL) – Yes					
China		Inventory of Evicting Chamical Substances in China (ECCC) Ver					
China		Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC) – Yes					





Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS) – Yes			
	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS) – No			
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS) – Yes			
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL) – Yes			
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory – Yes			
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS) – Yes			
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory – Yes			
$^{*}\mbox{A}$ "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comp A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product the product of the prod	oly with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s) uct are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).			
Section 16: Other Information				
Revision comments				
Legend to abbreviations				
ADR	European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous good by road.			
RID	Regulations agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous good by rail.			
IMDG Code	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code.			
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization.			
IATA	International Air Transport Association.			
GHS	Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.			
CLP	Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.1272/2008].			
SCBA	Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus.			
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006].			
LC 50	Median lethal concentration.			
LD 50	Median lethal dose.			
РВТ	Persistent, Bio accumulative and Toxic.			

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Emergency / Info Phone No.	Phone: +91-22-40635600 • Fax: +91-22-40635601	
Email	info@gandharoil.com	





DIVYOL LOW PCA 700

Section 1: Identification of the Substance / Mixture				
1.1 Product identifier				
Product name	Divyol Low PCA 700			
Product description	Low Polycyclic Aromatics			
Product type	Rubber Process Oil			
MARPOL Annex-1	****			
1.2 Identified uses				
Distribution of substance	Industrial			
Formulation & (re)packing of substance & mixtures	Industrial			
Manufacture of substance	Industrial			
Functional fluids	Industrial			
Section 2: Hazard Identification	·			
4-Extreme	Health	1		
3-High	Flammability	1		
2-Moderate	Reactivity	0		
1-Slight	Special	-		
Section 3: Compostion / Information on Ingredien	its			
Product / Ingredient name	Distillates (Petroleum) mixture of h	nydro-treated hydrocarbons		
Section 4: First Aid Measures				
Inhalation exposure	Remove to fresh air & provide oxygen, if breathing is difficult. Contact physician			
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing. Flush skin with water. Wash skin thoroughly with mild soap & water. If irritation occurs, call a physician.			
Swallowing or other	Do not induce vomiting. In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities are ingested. Get medical advice.			
Eye contact	Rinse continuously with water for several minutes. Get medical attention, if irritation persists.			
Protection first-aiders	Disconnecting electrical supply. Ensure adequate ventilation and check that a safe and breathing area is available before entry into confined spaces.			
Section 5: Fire Fighting Measures				
5.1 Extinguishing media				
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Use dry powder, foam, carbon dioxide. Do not use direct water and wet chemicals, or water on the burning product. They may spread the fire. Use foam simultaneously on the surface.			
5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture				
Hazards from the substance or mixture	Flammable liquids in pressurised containers may rupture and when exposed to heat, creating a highly flammable vapour cloud.			
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	Incomplete combustion is likely to give rise to a complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates, gases, including carbon monoxide, H ₂ S, SO _x (sulphur oxides) or sulphuric acid and unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.			
5.3 Advice for firefighters				
Special precautions for firefighters	Promptly isolate the scene by remo action shall be taken involving any	oving all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No personal risk or without suitable training.		
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Firefighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face- piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for firefighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.			







6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures				
For non-emergency personnel	Keep non-involved personnel away from the area of spillage. Alert emergency personnel. Except in case of small spillages, the feasibility of any actions should always be assessed and advised, if possible, by a trained, competent person in charge of managing the emergency. Stop leak if safe to do so. Avoid direct contact with the product. Stay upwind / keep distance from source. In case of large spillages, alert occupants in downwind areas. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Spillages of limited amounts of product, especially in the open air when vapours will be usually quickly dispersed, are dynamic situations, which will presumably limit the exposure to dangerous concentrations. Note : Recommended measures are based on the most likely spillage scenarios for this material; however, local conditions (wind, air temperature, wave / current direction and speed) may significantly influence the choice of appropriate actions.			
For emergency responders	For this reason, local experts should be consulted when necessary. Local regulations may also prescribe or limit actions to be taken. Small spillages: Normal antistatic working clothes are usually adequate. Large spillages: Full body suit of chemically resistant and thermal resistant material should be used. Work gloves providing adequate chemical resistance, specifically to aromatic hydrocarbons. Note: Gloves made of PVA are not water-resistant, and are not suitable for emergency use. Safety helmet, antistatic non-skid safety shoes or boots. Goggles and / or face shield, if splashes or contact with eyes is possible or anticipated. Respiratory Protection : A half or full-face respirator with filter(s) for organic vapours (and when applicable for H ₂ S) a Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) can be used according to the extent of spill and predictable amount of exposure. If the situation cannot be completely assessed, or if an oxygen deficiency is possible, only SCBA's should be used.			
6.2 Environmental precautions	Prevent product from entering sewers, rivers or other bodies of water. If necessary dike the product with dry earth, sand or similar non-combustible materials. In case of soil contamination, remove contaminated soil and treat in accordance with local regulations. In case of small spillages in closed waters (i.e. ports), contain product with floating barriers or other equipment. Collect spilled product by absorbing with specific floating absorbents. If possible, large spillages in open waters should be contained with floating barriers or other mechanical means. If this is not possible, control the spreading of the spillage, and collect the product by skimming or other suitable mechanical means. The use of dispersants should be advised by an expert, and, if required approved by local authorities.			
6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning	up			
Small spill	Stop leak if without risk. Absorb spilled product with suitable non-combustible materials.			
Large spill	Large spillages may be cautiously covered with foam, if available, to limit vapour cloud formation. Do not use water jet. When inside buildings or confined spaces, ensure adequate ventilation. Transfer collected product and other contaminated materials to suitable containers for recovery or safe disposal.			
6.4 Reference to other sections	See Section 1: For emergency contact information. See Section 8: For information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13: For additional waste treatment information.			
Section 7: Handling and Storage				
7.1 Advice on general information – hygiene, storage	Obtain special instructions before use. Keep away from heat / sparks / open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking. Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Hazard of slipping on spilt product. Avoid release to the environment.			
7.2 Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities	Storage area layout, tank design, equipment and operating procedures must comply with the relevant regional, national or local legislation. Storage installations should be designed with adequate bunds in case of leaks or spills. Cleaning, inspection and maintenance of internal structure of storage tanks must be done only by properly equipped and qualified personnel as defined by national, local or company regulations. Store separately from oxidising agents.			
7.3 Specific end use(s) – Recommendations	Keep only in the original container or in a suitable container for this kind of product. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Empty containers may contain harmful, flammable / combustible or explosive residue or vapours. Do not cut, grind, drill, weld, reuse or dispose of containers unless adequate precautions are taken against these hazards. Protect from sunlight.			







Section 8: Exposure Controls / Personal Protection					
The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).					
8.1 Control parameters					
Occupational exposure limits					
Product / Ingredient name	AFS 2015:7 (Sweden, 12/2015). TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: mist and fume STEL: 3 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: mist and fume.				
Exposure limits values	Distillates, mixture of hydrocarbons AFS 2015:7 (Sweden, 12/2015). TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: mist and fume STEL: 3 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: mist and fume [Air contaminant]				
Recommended monitoring procedures	If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres – Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres – Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres – General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents). Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.				
8.2 Exposure control Appropriate engineering controls	Mechanical ventilation and local exhaust will reduce exposure via the air. Use oil resistant material in construction of handling equipment. Store under recommended conditions and if heated, temperature control equipment should be used to avoid overheating.				
Individual protection measures					
Hygiene measures	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.				
Eye / face protection	Recommended: Safety glasses with side shields.				
Skin protection					
Hand protection	4 – 8 hours (breakthrough time): nitrile rubber.				
Body protection	Wear protective clothing if there is a risk of skin contact. Change contaminated clothes at the end of working shift.				
Other skin protection	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.				
Respiratory protection	Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Use a properly fitted, particulate filter respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.				
Environmental exposure control	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.				
Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties					
Appearance	Clear				
Physical state	Liquid				
Colour	Yellow				
Odor	Petroleum odor				
Odour threshold	Not available				
рН	Not applicable				
Pour point	< -3 (ASTM D 97)				
Flash point	> 275 ℃				
Evaporation rate	Not available				
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available				
Flammability limits in air (lower), % by volume	Not available				
Flammability limits in air (upper), % by volume	Not available				
Vapour pressure	≤ 0,1 hPa (20 °C) (Mineral oil, ASTM D 5191) (CONCAWE, 2010)				
Density (g/ml)	0.950 max at 15 °C				







Solubility (water)		Insoluble in water			
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)		Not available			
Decomposition temperature		No data			
Auto-ignition temperature		>450 °C			
Kinematic viscosity at 40 °C (104 °	F)	750 – 860 cSt. (/	ASTM D 445)		
Explosive properties		No data			
Oxidising properties		No data			
DMSO extractable compounds for according to IP346	base oil substance(s)	<3.0 %			
Section 10: Stability and Rea	ctivity				
10.1 Reactivity		No specific test	data related to reactivity availa	able for this product or its ing	redients.
10.2 Chemical stability		Stable under no	ormal conditions		
10.3 Possibility of hazardous rea	ctions	Under normal c	conditions of storage and use, h	nazardous reactions will not o	ccur. Oxidising agent.
10.4 Conditions to avoid		Keep away from	n extreme heat and oxidising a	gents.	
10.5 Incompatible materials		Incomplete con	nbustion is likely to give rise to	a complex mixture of airborn	e solid and liquid
10.6 Hazardous decomposition	products	unidentified or	ganic and inorganic compound	ls.	
SECTION 11: Toxicological In	formation				
11.1 Information on toxicologica	al effects				
Acute toxicity					
Product / ingredient name	Result		Species	Dose	Exposure
	LC 50 Inhalation due	sts and mists	Rat	>2.18mg/l	4 hours
Distillate (Petroleum), hydro	LD 50 Derr	nal	Rabbit	> 5000 mg/kg	_
treated neavy paramine	LD 50 Ora	al	Rat	>15000 mg/kg	-
Irritation / corrosion					
Skin					
Eve		No known siani	No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Lye Bespiratory					
Sensation					
Skin		No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Bespiratory					
Mutagenicity		No data available to indicate product or any components present greater than 0.1 % are multigene or genotoxic			
Carcinogenicity		The base oil(s) in this product is based on an severely hydrotreated distillate.			
Reproductive toxicity		The product should not be regarded as a carcinogen. Contains no ingredient listed as toxic to reproduction.			
Specific target organ toxicity – sin	gle exposure	Not classified			
Specific target organ toxicity – rep	beated exposure				
Aspiration hazard		Aspiration hazard – Category 1			
Information on likely routes of exposure		Not available			
Potential acute health effects					
Eye contact		Eye contact may cause redness and transient pain.			
Inhalation		Inhalation of oil mist or vapours at elevated temperatures may cause respiratory irritation.			
Skin contact		No known signi	ificant effects or critical hazards	5.	
Ingestion		May be fatal if s	wallowed and enters airways.		
Potential chronic health effects					
General		No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Carcinogenicity		The base oil(s) in this product is based on an severely hydrotreated distillate. The product should not be regarded as a carcinogen.			







Mutagenicity						
Teratogenicity						
Product / ingredient name		No known s	o known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Fertility effects						
Other information Specific hazard		Not availab	le			
Section 12: Ecological Information	l					
12.1 Toxicity		Not expected	ed to be harmful to aquatic orga	anisms.		
12.2 Persistence and degradability		Not inherer	ntly biodegradable.			
12.3 Bioaccumulative potential		Bioaccumu	lation is unlikely to be significan	t because of the low water solu	bility of this product.	
12.4 Mobility in soil		Not conside	lot considered mobile.			
12.5 Results of PBT & vPvB assessment		Not applica	ble			
12.6 Other adverse effects		Insoluble in Oxygen trai	water. Spills may form a film or nsfer could also be impaired.	n water surfaces causing physica	al damage to organisms.	
Section 13: Disposal Consideration	15					
The information in this section contains information provided in the Exposure Sc	generic advice and enario(s).	l guidance. T	he list of Identified Uses in Secti	on 1 should be consulted for ar	ny available use-specific	
Product Methods of disposal		Where possible (e.g. in the absence of relevant contamination), recycling of used substance is feasible and recommended. This substance can be burned or incinerated, subject to national/local authorisations, relevant contamination limits, safety regulations and air quality legislation. Contaminated or waste substance (not directly recyclable): Disposal can be carried out directly, or by delivery to qualified waste handlers. National legislation may identify a specific organisation, and/or prescribe composition limits and methods for recovery or disposal				
Hazardous waste		Yes				
European waste catalogue (EWC) Waste	Code 13 03 07*	Waste desig	gnation.			
Packaging		Mineral-based non-chlorinated insulating and heat transmission oils.				
Methods of disposal		The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.				
Section 14: Transport Information						
International transport regulations						
	ADR / R	ID	ADN	IMO / IMDG Classification	ICAO / IATA Classification	
14.1 UN number	Not regula	ated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	
14.2 UN proper shipping name	_		_	_	_	
14.3 Transport bazard class(es)	_		_	_	_	
14.4 Packing group	_		_	_	_	
14.5 Environmental bazards	No		No	No	No	
Additional Information	-		-	-	-	
14.6 Special precautions for user oils14.7 Transport in bulk according to An	nex I of MARPOL 7	73/78 and the	e IBC Code			
Section 15: Regulatory Informatio	n					
15.1 Safety, health and environmental	regulations / legis	slation specif	fic for the substance or mixture	EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/	2006 (REACH)	
Annex XIV – List of substances subject to authorisation Annex XIV Substances of very high concern		None of the components are listed				
Annex XVII – Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles.		Not applicable				
International Lists National Inventory		Inventory name				
Australia		Australian I	nventory of Chemical Substance	es (AICS) – Yes		
Canada		Domestic Substances List (DSL) – Yes				
China		Inventory of Evicting Chamical Substances in China (IECSC) Vec				
Lnina		Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC) – Yes				







Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS) – Yes		
	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS) – No		
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS) – Yes		
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL) – Yes		
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory – Yes		
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS) – Yes		
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory – Yes		
$^{*}\mbox{A}$ "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comp A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product the product of the prod	oly with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s) uct are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).		
Section 16: Other Information			
Revision comments			
Legend to abbreviations			
ADR	European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous good by road.		
RID	Regulations agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous good by rail.		
IMDG Code	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code.		
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization.		
IATA	International Air Transport Association.		
GHS	Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.		
CLP	Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.1272/2008].		
SCBA	Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus.		
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006].		
LC 50	Median lethal concentration.		
LD 50	Median lethal dose.		
РВТ	Persistent, Bio accumulative and Toxic.		

GANDHAR OIL REFINERY (INDIA) LTD.			
Taloja Plant	Plot No.10, MIDC, Main Road, Taloja, Taluka Panvel, District - Raigad 410208, India.		
Silvassa Plant	Plot No. 2, Survey No. 678/1/3, Village Naroli, Near Naroli Check Post, Silvassa, Dadra & Nagar Haveli, Union Territory 396230, India.		
Emergency / Info Phone No.	Phone: +91-22-40635600 • Fax: +91-22-40635601		
Email	info@gandharoil.com		





DIVYOL RUBBER FLEX - N

Section 1: Identification of the Substance / Mixture				
1.1 Product identifier				
Product name	Divyol Rubber Flex – N			
Product description	Naphthenic Oil			
Product type	Rubber Process Oil			
MARPOL Annex-1	****			
1.2 Identified uses				
Distribution of substance	Industrial			
Formulation & (re)packing of substance & mixtures	Industrial			
Manufacture of substance	Industrial			
Functional fluids	Industrial			
Section 2: Hazard Identification				
4-Extreme	Health	1		
3-High	Flammability	1		
2-Moderate	Reactivity	0		
1-Slight	Special	-		
Section 3: Compostion / Information on Ingredien	ts			
Product / Ingredient name	Distillates (Petroleum) mixture of I	nydro-treated hydrocarbons		
Section 4: First Aid Measures	I			
Inhalation exposure	Remove to fresh air & provide oxygen, if breathing is difficult. Contact physician			
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing. Fl If irritation occurs, call a physician.	Remove contaminated clothing. Flush skin with water. Wash skin thoroughly with mild soap & water. If irritation occurs, call a physician.		
Swallowing or other	Do not induce vomiting. In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities are ingested. Get medical advice.			
Eye contact	Rinse continuously with water for s	everal minutes. Get medical attention, if irritation persists.		
Protection first-aiders	Disconnecting electrical supply. Ensure adequate ventilation and check that a safe and breathing area is available before entry into confined spaces.			
Section 5: Fire Fighting Measures				
5.1 Extinguishing media				
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Use dry powder, foam, carbon dioxide. Do not use direct water and wet chemicals, or water on the burning product. They may spread the fire. Use foam simultaneously on the surface.			
5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixtur	e			
Hazards from the substance or mixture	Flammable liquids in pressurised containers may rupture and when exposed to heat, creating a highly flammable vapour cloud.			
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	Incomplete combustion is likely to give rise to a complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates, gases, including carbon monoxide, H_2S , SO_x (sulphur oxides) or sulphuric acid and unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.			
5.3 Advice for firefighters				
Special precautions for firefighters	Promptly isolate the scene by remo action shall be taken involving any	oving all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No personal risk or without suitable training.		
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Firefighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face- piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for firefighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.			







6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures				
For non-emergency personnel	Keep non-involved personnel away from the area of spillage. Alert emergency personnel. Except in case of small spillages, the feasibility of any actions should always be assessed and advised, if possible, by a trained, competent person in charge of managing the emergency. Stop leak if safe to do so. Avoid direct contact with the product. Stay upwind / keep distance from source. In case of large spillages, alert occupants in downwind areas. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Spillages of limited amounts of product, especially in the open air when vapours will be usually quickly dispersed, are dynamic situations, which will presumably limit the exposure to dangerous concentrations. Note : Recommended measures are based on the most likely spillage scenarios for this material; however, local conditions (wind, air temperature, wave / current direction and speed) may significantly influence the choice of appropriate actions.			
For emergency responders	For this reason, local experts should be consulted when necessary. Local regulations may also prescribe or limit actions to be taken. Small spillages: Normal antistatic working clothes are usually adequate. Large spillages: Full body suit of chemically resistant and thermal resistant material should be used. Work gloves providing adequate chemical resistance, specifically to aromatic hydrocarbons. Note: Gloves made of PVA are not water-resistant, and are not suitable for emergency use. Safety helmet, antistatic non-skid safety shoes or boots. Goggles and / or face shield, if splashes or contact with eyes is possible or anticipated. Respiratory Protection : A half or full-face respirator with filter(s) for organic vapours (and when applicable for H ₂ S) a Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) can be used according to the extent of spill and predictable amount of exposure. If the situation cannot be completely assessed, or if an oxygen deficiency is possible, only SCBA's should be used.			
6.2 Environmental precautions	Prevent product from entering sewers, rivers or other bodies of water. If necessary dike the product with dry earth, sand or similar non-combustible materials. In case of soil contamination, remove contaminated soil and treat in accordance with local regulations. In case of small spillages in closed waters (i.e. ports), contain product with floating barriers or other equipment. Collect spilled product by absorbing with specific floating absorbents. If possible, large spillages in open waters should be contained with floating barriers or other mechanical means. If this is not possible, control the spreading of the spillage, and collect the product by skimming or other suitable mechanical means. The use of dispersants should be advised by an expert, and, if required, approved by local authorities.			
6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning	up			
Small spill	Stop leak if without risk. Absorb spilled product with suitable non-combustible materials.			
Large spill	Large spillages may be cautiously covered with foam, if available, to limit vapour cloud formation. Do not use water jet. When inside buildings or confined spaces, ensure adequate ventilation. Transfer collected product and other contaminated materials to suitable containers for recovery or safe disposal.			
6.4 Reference to other sections	See Section 1: For emergency contact information. See Section 8: For information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13: For additional waste treatment information.			
Section 7: Handling and Storage				
7.1 Advice on general information – hygiene, storage Obtain special instructions before use. Keep away from heat / sparks / open flames/hot s smoking. Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Hazard of slipping on s Avoid release to the environment.				
7.2 Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities	Storage area layout, tank design, equipment and operating procedures must comply with the relevant regional, national or local legislation. Storage installations should be designed with adequate bunds in case of leaks or spills. Cleaning, inspection and maintenance of internal structure of storage tanks must be done only by properly equipped and qualified personnel as defined by national, local or company regulations. Store separately from oxidising agents.			
7.3 Specific end use(s) – Recommendations	Keep only in the original container or in a suitable container for this kind of product. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Empty containers may contain harmful, flammable / combustible or explosive residue or vapours. Do not cut, grind, drill, weld, reuse or dispose of containers unless adequate precautions are taken against these hazards. Protect from sunlight.			





Section 8: Exposure Controls / Personal Protection				
The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted	for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).			
8.1 Control parameters				
Occupational exposure limits				
Product / Ingredient name	AFS 2015:7 (Sweden, 12/2015). TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: mist and fume STEL: 3 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: mist and fume.			
Exposure limits values	Distillates, mixture of hydrocarbons AFS 2015:7 (Sweden, 12/2015). TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: mist and fume STEL: 3 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: mist and fume [Air contaminant]			
Recommended monitoring procedures	If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres – Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres – Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres – General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents). Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.			
8.2 Exposure control Appropriate engineering controls	Mechanical ventilation and local exhaust will reduce exposure via the air. Use oil resistant material in construction of handling equipment. Store under recommended conditions and if heated, temperature control equipment should be used to avoid overheating.			
Individual protection measures				
Hygiene measures	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.			
Eye / face protection	Recommended: Safety glasses with side shields.			
Skin protection				
Hand protection	4 – 8 hours (breakthrough time): nitrile rubber.			
Body protection	Wear protective clothing if there is a risk of skin contact. Change contaminated clothes at the end of working shift.			
Other skin protection	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.			
Respiratory protection	Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Use a properly fitted, particulate filter respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.			
Environmental exposure control	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.			
Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties				
Appearance	Bright & clear			
Physical state	Liquid			
Colour	Yellow			
Odor	Petroleum odor			
Odour threshold	Not available			
рН	Not applicable			
Pour point	< -3.0 °C (ASTM D 97)			
Flash point	> 155 °C			
Evaporation rate	Not available			
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available			
Flammability limits in air (lower), % by volume	Not available			
Flammability limits in air (upper), % by volume	Not available			
Vapour pressure	Not available			
Density (g/ml)	0.950 max at 15 °C			







Solubility (water)		Insoluble in water			
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)		Not available			
Decomposition temperature		No data			
Auto-ignition temperature		>250 °C			
Kinematic viscosity at 40 °C (104 °	F)	18 – 24 cSt. (AS	FM D 445)		
Explosive properties		No data			
Oxidising properties		No data			
DMSO extractable compounds for according to IP346	r base oil substance(s)	Not available			
Section 10: Stability and Rea	ctivity				
10.1 Reactivity		No specific test	data related to reactivity availa	able for this product or its ing	redients.
10.2 Chemical stability		Stable under no	ormal conditions		
10.3 Possibility of hazardous rea	ctions	Under normal c	onditions of storage and use.	nazardous reactions will not o	ccur. Oxidising agent.
10.4 Conditions to avoid		Keep away from	extreme heat and oxidising a	gents.	eeun ontaising agena
10.5. Incompatible materials			abustion is likely to give rise to	a complex mixture of airborn	he solid and liquid
		particulates, ga	ses, including carbon monoxid	le, H ₂ S, SO _x (sulphur oxides) or	r sulphuric acid and
10.6 Hazardous decomposition	products	unidentified or	ganic and inorganic compound	ds.	
SECTION 11: Toxicological In	formation				
11.1 Information on toxicologica	al effects				
Acute toxicity					
Product / ingredient name	Result		Species	Dose	Exposure
	LC 50 Inhalation due	sts and mists	Rat	>2.18mg/l	4 hours
Distillate (Petroleum), hydro	LD 50 Derr	mal	Rabbit	> 5000 mg/kg	-
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	LD 50 Ora	al	Rat	>15000 mg/kg	-
Irritation / corrosion					
Skin					
Eye		No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Respiratory					
Sensation					
Skin					
Respiratory		No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Mutagenicity		No data available to indicate product or any components present greater than 0.1 % are multigene or genotoxic.			
Carcinogenicity		The base oil(s) in this product is based on an severely hydrotreated distillate.			
Reproductive toxicity		The product should not be regarded as a carcinogen. Contains no ingredient listed as toxic to reproduction.			
Specific target organ toxicity – sin	gle exposure	Not classified			
Specific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure					
Aspiration hazard		Aspiration hazard – Category 1			
Information on likely routes of exposure		Not available			
Potential acute health effects		F			
Eye contact		Eye contact may cause redness and transient pain.			
Inhalation		Innalation of oil	mist or vapours at elevated te	mperatures may cause respira	atory irritation.
Skin contact		No known signi	πcant effects or critical hazard	S.	
Ingestion		way be fatal if s	wallowed and enters alrways.		
		Nokneumsimi	front offorte or without be		
General		No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Carcinogenicity		The base oil(s) in this product is based on an severely hydrotreated distillate. The product should not be regarded as a carcinogen.			







Mutagenicity						
Teratogenicity						
Product / ingredient name		No known s	o known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Fertility effects						
Other information Specific hazard		Not availab	le			
Section 12: Ecological Information	l					
12.1 Toxicity		Not expected	ed to be harmful to aquatic orga	anisms.		
12.2 Persistence and degradability		Not inherer	ntly biodegradable.			
12.3 Bioaccumulative potential		Bioaccumu	lation is unlikely to be significan	t because of the low water solu	bility of this product.	
12.4 Mobility in soil		Not conside	lot considered mobile.			
12.5 Results of PBT & vPvB assessment		Not applica	ble			
12.6 Other adverse effects		Insoluble in Oxygen trai	water. Spills may form a film or nsfer could also be impaired.	n water surfaces causing physica	al damage to organisms.	
Section 13: Disposal Consideration	15					
The information in this section contains information provided in the Exposure Sc	generic advice and enario(s).	l guidance. T	he list of Identified Uses in Secti	on 1 should be consulted for ar	ny available use-specific	
Product Methods of disposal		Where possible (e.g. in the absence of relevant contamination), recycling of used substance is feasible and recommended. This substance can be burned or incinerated, subject to national/local authorisations, relevant contamination limits, safety regulations and air quality legislation. Contaminated or waste substance (not directly recyclable): Disposal can be carried out directly, or by delivery to qualified waste handlers. National legislation may identify a specific organisation, and/or prescribe composition limits and methods for recovery or disposal				
Hazardous waste		Yes				
European waste catalogue (EWC) Waste	Code 13 03 07*	Waste desig	gnation.			
Packaging		Mineral-based non-chlorinated insulating and heat transmission oils.				
Methods of disposal		The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.				
Section 14: Transport Information						
International transport regulations						
	ADR / R	ID	ADN	IMO / IMDG Classification	ICAO / IATA Classification	
14.1 UN number	Not regula	ated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	
14.2 UN proper shipping name	_		_	_	_	
14.3 Transport bazard class(es)	_		_	_	_	
14.4 Packing group	_		_	_	_	
14.5 Environmental bazards	No		No	No	No	
Additional Information	-		-	-	-	
14.6 Special precautions for user oils14.7 Transport in bulk according to An	nex I of MARPOL 7	73/78 and the	e IBC Code			
Section 15: Regulatory Informatio	n					
15.1 Safety, health and environmental	regulations / legis	slation specif	fic for the substance or mixture	EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/	2006 (REACH)	
Annex XIV – List of substances subject to authorisation Annex XIV Substances of very high concern		None of the components are listed				
Annex XVII – Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles.		Not applicable				
International Lists National Inventory		Inventory name				
Australia		Australian I	nventory of Chemical Substance	es (AICS) – Yes		
Canada		Domestic Substances List (DSL) – Yes				
China		Inventory of Evicting Chamical Substances in China (IECSC) Vec				
Lnina		Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC) – Yes				





Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS) – Yes		
	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS) – No		
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS) – Yes		
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL) – Yes		
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory – Yes		
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS) – Yes		
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory – Yes		
$^{*}\mbox{A}$ "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comp A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product the product of the prod	oly with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s) uct are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).		
Section 16: Other Information			
Revision comments			
Legend to abbreviations			
ADR	European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous good by road.		
RID	Regulations agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous good by rail.		
IMDG Code	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code.		
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization.		
IATA	International Air Transport Association.		
GHS	Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.		
CLP	Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.1272/2008].		
SCBA	Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus.		
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006].		
LC 50	Median lethal concentration.		
LD 50	Median lethal dose.		
РВТ	Persistent, Bio accumulative and Toxic.		

GANDHAR OIL REFINERY (INDIA) LTD.			
Taloja Plant	Plot No.10, MIDC, Main Road, Taloja, Taluka Panvel, District - Raigad 410208, India.		
Silvassa Plant	Plot No. 2, Survey No. 678/1/3, Village Naroli, Near Naroli Check Post, Silvassa, Dadra & Nagar Haveli, Union Territory 396230, India.		
Emergency / Info Phone No.	Phone: +91-22-40635600 • Fax: +91-22-40635601		
Email	info@gandharoil.com		





DIVYOL RUBBER FLEX - ND

Section 1: Identification of the Substance / Mixture					
1.1 Product identifier					
Product name	Divyol Rubber Flex – ND				
Product description	Naphthenic Oil				
Product type	Rubber Process Oil				
MARPOL Annex-1	****				
1.2 Identified uses					
Distribution of substance	Industrial				
Formulation & (re)packing of substance & mixtures	Industrial				
Manufacture of substance	Industrial				
Functional fluids	Industrial				
Section 2: Hazard Identification					
4-Extreme	Health	1			
3-High	Flammability	1			
2-Moderate	Reactivity	0			
1-Slight	Special	-			
Section 3: Compostion / Information on Ingredien	ts				
Product / Ingredient name	Distillates (Petroleum) mixture of I	nydro-treated hydrocarbons			
Section 4: First Aid Measures	·				
Inhalation exposure	Remove to fresh air & provide oxygen, if breathing is difficult. Contact physician				
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing. Flush skin with water. Wash skin thoroughly with mild soap & water. If irritation occurs, call a physician.				
Swallowing or other	Do not induce vomiting. In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities are ingested. Get medical advice.				
Eye contact	Rinse continuously with water for several minutes. Get medical attention, if irritation persists.				
Protection first-aiders	Disconnecting electrical supply. Ensure adequate ventilation and check that a safe and breathing area is available before entry into confined spaces.				
Section 5: Fire Fighting Measures					
5.1 Extinguishing media					
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Use dry powder, foam, carbon dioxide. Do not use direct water and wet chemicals, or water on the burning product. They may spread the fire. Use foam simultaneously on the surface.				
5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixtur	e				
Hazards from the substance or mixture	Flammable liquids in pressurised containers may rupture and when exposed to heat, creating a highly flammable vapour cloud.				
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	Incomplete combustion is likely to give rise to a complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates, gases, including carbon monoxide, H_2S , SO_x (sulphur oxides) or sulphuric acid and unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.				
5.3 Advice for firefighters					
Special precautions for firefighters	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.				
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Firefighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face- piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for firefighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.				





6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures				
For non-emergency personnel	Keep non-involved personnel away from the area of spillage. Alert emergency personnel. Except in case of small spillages, the feasibility of any actions should always be assessed and advised, if possible, by a trained, competent person in charge of managing the emergency. Stop leak if safe to do so. Avoid direct contact with the product. Stay upwind / keep distance from source. In case of large spillages, alert occupants in downwind areas. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Spillages of limited amounts of product, especially in the open air when vapours will be usually quickly dispersed, are dynamic situations, which will presumably limit the exposure to dangerous concentrations. Note : Recommended measures are based on the most likely spillage scenarios for this material; however, local conditions (wind, air temperature, wave / current direction and speed) may significantly influence the choice of appropriate actions.			
For emergency responders	For this reason, local experts should be consulted when necessary. Local regulations may also prescribe or limit actions to be taken. Small spillages: Normal antistatic working clothes are usually adequate. Large spillages: Full body suit of chemically resistant and thermal resistant material should be used. Work gloves providing adequate chemical resistance, specifically to aromatic hydrocarbons. Note: Gloves made of PVA are not water-resistant, and are not suitable for emergency use. Safety helmet, antistatic non-skid safety shoes or boots. Goggles and / or face shield, if splashes or contact with eyes is possible or anticipated. Respiratory Protection : A half or full-face respirator with filter(s) for organic vapours (and when applicable for H ₂ S) a Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) can be used according to the extent of spill and predictable amount of exposure. If the situation cannot be completely assessed, or if an oxygen deficiency is possible, only SCBA's should be used.			
6.2 Environmental precautions	Prevent product from entering sewers, rivers or other bodies of water. If necessary dike the product with dry earth, sand or similar non-combustible materials. In case of soil contamination, remove contaminated soil and treat in accordance with local regulations. In case of small spillages in closed waters (i.e. ports), contain product with floating barriers or other equipment. Collect spilled product by absorbing with specific floating absorbents. If possible, large spillages in open waters should be contained with floating barriers or other mechanical means. If this is not possible, control the spreading of the spillage, and collect the product by skimming or other suitable mechanical means. The use of dispersants should be advised by an expert, and, if required approved by local authorities.			
6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning	up			
Small spill	Stop leak if without risk. Absorb spilled product with suitable non-combustible materials.			
Large spill	Large spillages may be cautiously covered with foam, if available, to limit vapour cloud formation. Do not use water jet. When inside buildings or confined spaces, ensure adequate ventilation. Transfer collected product and other contaminated materials to suitable containers for recovery or safe disposal.			
6.4 Reference to other sections	See Section 1: For emergency contact information. See Section 8: For information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13: For additional waste treatment information.			
Section 7: Handling and Storage				
7.1 Advice on general information – hygiene, storage	Obtain special instructions before use. Keep away from heat / sparks / open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking. Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Hazard of slipping on spilt product. Avoid release to the environment.			
7.2 Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities	Storage area layout, tank design, equipment and operating procedures must comply with the relevant regional, national or local legislation. Storage installations should be designed with adequate bunds in case of leaks or spills. Cleaning, inspection and maintenance of internal structure of storage tanks must be done only by properly equipped and qualified personnel as defined by national, local or company regulations. Store separately from oxidising agents.			
7.3 Specific end use(s) – Recommendations	Keep only in the original container or in a suitable container for this kind of product. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Empty containers may contain harmful, flammable / combustible or explosive residue or vapours. Do not cut, grind, drill, weld, reuse or dispose of containers unless adequate precautions are taken against these hazards. Protect from sunlight.			





Section 8: Exposure Controls / Personal Protection					
The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted	for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).				
8.1 Control parameters					
Occupational exposure limits					
Product / Ingredient name	AFS 2015:7 (Sweden, 12/2015). TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: mist and fume STEL: 3 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: mist and fume.				
Exposure limits values	Distillates, mixture of hydrocarbons AFS 2015:7 (Sweden, 12/2015). TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: mist and fume STEL: 3 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: mist and fume [Air contaminant]				
Recommended monitoring procedures	If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres – Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres – Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres – General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents). Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.				
8.2 Exposure control Appropriate engineering controls	Mechanical ventilation and local exhaust will reduce exposure via the air. Use oil resistant material in construction of handling equipment. Store under recommended conditions and if heated, temperature control equipment should be used to avoid overheating.				
Individual protection measures					
Hygiene measures	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.				
Eye / face protection	Recommended: Safety glasses with side shields.				
Skin protection					
Hand protection	4 – 8 hours (breakthrough time): nitrile rubber.				
Body protection	Wear protective clothing if there is a risk of skin contact. Change contaminated clothes at the end of working shift.				
Other skin protection	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.				
Respiratory protection	Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Use a properly fitted, particulate filter respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.				
Environmental exposure control	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.				
Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties					
Appearance	Bright & clear				
Physical state	Liquid				
Colour	Dark Yellow				
Odor	Petroleum odor				
Odour threshold	Not available				
рН	Not applicable				
Pour point	< 3.0 °C (ASTM D 97)				
Flash point	> 160 °C				
Evaporation rate	Not available				
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available				
Flammability limits in air (lower), % by volume	Not available				
Flammability limits in air (upper), % by volume	Not available				
Vapour pressure	Not available				
Density (g/ml)	0.900 max at 15 °C				







Solubility (water)		Insoluble in wat	ter			
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/wa	ater)	Not available	vot available			
Decomposition temperature	mposition temperature No		No data			
uto-ignition temperature >250		>250 °C				
Kinematic viscosity at 40 °C (104 °I	F)	20 – 35 cSt. (AS	TM D 445)			
Explosive properties		No data				
Oxidising properties		No data				
DMSO extractable compounds for	v base oil substance(s)	Not available				
according to IP346		Not available				
Section 10: Stability and Rea	ctivity					
10.1 Reactivity		No specific test	data related to reactivity availa	able for this product or its ing	redients.	
10.2 Chemical stability		Stable under no	ormal conditions			
10.3 Possibility of hazardous rea	ctions	Under normal c	onditions of storage and use, h	nazardous reactions will not o	ccur. Oxidising agent.	
10.4 Conditions to avoid		Keep away from	n extreme heat and oxidising a	gents.		
10.5 Incompatible materials		Incomplete con	nbustion is likely to give rise to	a complex mixture of airborn	ne solid and liquid	
10.6 Hazardous decomposition	products	unidentified org	ganic and inorganic compound	ds.		
SECTION 11: Toxicological In	formation					
11.1 Information on toxicologica	al effects					
Acute toxicity						
Product / ingredient name	Result		Species	Dose	Exposure	
	LC 50 Inhalation due	sts and mists	Rat	>2.18mg/l	4 hours	
Distillate (Petroleum), hydro	LD 50 Derr	nal	Rabbit	> 5000 mg/kg	-	
treated neavy paramine	LD 50 Ora	al	Rat	>15000 mg/kg	-	
Irritation / corrosion						
Skin						
Eve		No known significant effects or critical hazards.				
Respiratory						
Sensation						
Skin						
Respiratory		No known significant effects or critical hazards.				
Mutagenicity		No data available to indicate product or any components present greater than 0.1 % are multigene or genotoxic.				
Carcinogenicity		The base oil(s) i	he base oil(s) in this product is based on an severely hydrotreated distillate.			
Reproductive toxicity		The product she Contains no ing	product should not be regarded as a carcinogen. ains no ingredient listed as toxic to reproduction.			
Specific target organ toxicity – sin	ale exposure					
Specific target organ toxicity – rep	beated exposure	Not classified				
Aspiration hazard	•	Aspiration hazard – Category 1				
Information on likely routes of exp	osure	Not available				
Potential acute health effects						
Eye contact		Eye contact may	y cause redness and transient r	oain.		
Inhalation		Inhalation of oil	mist or vapours at elevated te	mperatures may cause respira	atory irritation.	
Skin contact		No known signi	ficant effects or critical hazards	S.	,	
Ingestion		May be fatal if s	wallowed and enters airwavs.			
Potential chronic health effects						
General		No known siani	ficant effects or critical hazards	S.		
General No known significant effects or critical hazards. Carcinogenicity The base oil(s) in this product is based on an severely hydrotreated distillate. The product regarded as a carcinogen.		e. The product should not be				







Mutagenicity							
Teratogenicity		No harven similaren eta en estis el harvende					
Product / ingredient name		No known s	No known significant effects or critical hazards.				
Fertility effects							
Other information Specific hazard		Not availab	le				
Section 12: Ecological Information	l						
12.1 Toxicity		Not expected to be harmful to aquatic organisms.					
12.2 Persistence and degradability		Not inherently biodegradable					
12.3 Bioaccumulative potential		Bioaccumu	lation is unlikely to be significan	t because of the low water solu	bility of this product.		
12.4 Mobility in soil		Not considered mobile					
12.5 Results of PBT & vPvB assessment		Not applica	ble				
12.6 Other adverse effects		Insoluble in Oxygen trai	water. Spills may form a film or nsfer could also be impaired.	n water surfaces causing physica	al damage to organisms.		
Section 13: Disposal Consideration	15						
The information in this section contains information provided in the Exposure Sc	generic advice and enario(s).	l guidance. T	he list of Identified Uses in Secti	on 1 should be consulted for ar	ny available use-specific		
Product Methods of disposal Where possible (e.g. in the absence of relevant contamination), recycling of used substance is feasible and recommended. This substance can be burned or incinerated, subject to national/local authorisations, relevant contamination limits, safety regulations and air quality legislation. Contam or waste substance (not directly recyclable): Disposal can be carried out directly, or by delivery to qualified waste handlers. National legislation may identify a specific organisation, and/or prescribe composition limits and methods for recovery or disposal					of used substance is subject to national/local iality legislation. Contaminated rectly, or by delivery to isation, and/or prescribe		
Hazardous waste		Yes					
European waste catalogue (EWC) Waste	Code 13 03 07*	Waste desig	gnation.				
Packaging		Mineral-ba	sed non-chlorinated insulating	and heat transmission oils.			
Methods of disposal		The genera recycled. In	tion of waste should be avoided cineration or landfill should only	l or minimised wherever possib y be considered when recycling	le. Waste packaging should be i is not feasible.		
Section 14: Transport Information							
International transport regulations							
	ADR / R	ID	ADN	IMO / IMDG Classification	ICAO / IATA Classification		
14.1 UN number	Not regula	ated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated		
14.2 UN proper shipping name	_		_	_	_		
14.3 Transport bazard class(es)	_		_	_	_		
14.4 Packing group	_		_	_	_		
14.5 Environmental bazards	No		No	No	No		
Additional Information	-		-	-	-		
14.6 Special precautions for user oils14.7 Transport in bulk according to An	nex I of MARPOL 7	73/78 and the	e IBC Code				
Section 15: Regulatory Informatio	n						
15.1 Safety, health and environmental	regulations / legis	slation specif	fic for the substance or mixture	EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/	2006 (REACH)		
Annex XIV – List of substances subject to authorisation Annex XIV Substances of very high concern		None of the components are listed					
Annex XVII – Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles.		Not applicable					
International Lists National Inventory		Inventory r	name				
Australia		Australian I	nventory of Chemical Substance	es (AICS) – Yes			
Canada		Domestic Substances List (DSL) – Yes					
China		Inventory of Evicting Chamical Substances in China (ECCC) Var					
China		inventory 0	TEASUNG CHEMICAL SUBSTANCES	in chilla (IECSC) – Tes			







Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS) – Yes			
	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS) – No			
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS) – Yes			
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL) – Yes			
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory – Yes			
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS) – Yes			
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory – Yes			
$^{*}\mbox{A}$ "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comp A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product the product of the prod	oly with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s) uct are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).			
Section 16: Other Information				
Revision comments				
Legend to abbreviations				
ADR	European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous good by road.			
RID	Regulations agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous good by rail.			
IMDG Code	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code.			
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization.			
IATA	International Air Transport Association.			
GHS	Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.			
CLP	Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.1272/2008].			
SCBA	Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus.			
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006].			
LC 50	Median lethal concentration.			
LD 50	Median lethal dose.			
РВТ	Persistent, Bio accumulative and Toxic.			

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Emergency / Info Phone No.	Phone: +91-22-40635600 • Fax: +91-22-40635601
Email	info@gandharoil.com





DIVYOL RUBBER FLEX P23L

Section 1: Identification of the Substance / Mixture						
1.1 Product identifier						
Product name	Divyol Rubber Flex P23L					
Product description	Paraffinic Oil					
Product type	Rubber Process Oil	Rubber Process Oil				
MARPOL Annex-1	****					
1.2 Identified uses						
Distribution of substance	Industrial					
Formulation & (re)packing of substance & mixtures	Industrial					
Manufacture of substance	Industrial					
Functional fluids	Industrial					
Section 2: Hazard Identification						
4-Extreme	Health	1				
3-High	Flammability	1				
2-Moderate	Reactivity	0				
1-Slight	Special	-				
Section 3: Compostion / Information on Ingredien	ts					
Product / Ingredient name	Distillates (Petroleum) mixture of h	nydro-treated hydrocarbons				
Section 4: First Aid Measures						
Inhalation exposure	Remove to fresh air & provide oxygen, if breathing is difficult. Contact physician					
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing. Flush skin with water. Wash skin thoroughly with mild soap & water. If irritation occurs, call a physician.					
Swallowing or other	Do not induce vomiting. In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities are ingested. Get medical advice.					
Eye contact	Rinse continuously with water for several minutes. Get medical attention, if irritation persists.					
Protection first-aiders	Disconnecting electrical supply. Ensure adequate ventilation and check that a safe and breathing area is available before entry into confined spaces.					
Section 5: Fire Fighting Measures						
5.1 Extinguishing media						
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Use dry powder, foam, carbon dioxide. Do not use direct water and wet chemicals, or water on the burning product. They may spread the fire. Use foam simultaneously on the surface.					
5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixtur	e					
Hazards from the substance or mixture	Flammable liquids in pressurised containers may rupture and when exposed to heat, creating a highly flammable vapour cloud.					
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	Incomplete combustion is likely to give rise to a complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates, gases, including carbon monoxide, H_2S , SO_x (sulphur oxides) or sulphuric acid and unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.					
5.3 Advice for firefighters						
Special precautions for firefighters	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.					
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Firefighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face- piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for firefighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.					





6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and eme	ergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	Keep non-involved personnel away from the area of spillage. Alert emergency personnel. Except in case of small spillages, the feasibility of any actions should always be assessed and advised, if possible, by a trained, competent person in charge of managing the emergency. Stop leak if safe to do so. Avoid direct contact with the product. Stay upwind / keep distance from source. In case of large spillages, alert occupants in downwind areas. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Spillages of limited amounts of product, especially in the open air when vapours will be usually quickly dispersed, are dynamic situations, which will presumably limit the exposure to dangerous concentrations. Note : Recommended measures are based on the most likely spillage scenarios for this material; however, local conditions (wind, air temperature, wave / current direction and speed) may significantly influence the choice of appropriate actions.
For emergency responders	For this reason, local experts should be consulted when necessary. Local regulations may also prescribe or limit actions to be taken. Small spillages: Normal antistatic working clothes are usually adequate. Large spillages: Full body suit of chemically resistant and thermal resistant material should be used. Work gloves providing adequate chemical resistance, specifically to aromatic hydrocarbons. Note: Gloves made of PVA are not water-resistant, and are not suitable for emergency use. Safety helmet, antistatic non-skid safety shoes or boots. Goggles and / or face shield, if splashes or contact with eyes is possible or anticipated. Respiratory Protection : A half or full-face respirator with filter(s) for organic vapours (and when applicable for H ₂ S) a Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) can be used according to the extent of spill and predictable amount of exposure. If the situation cannot be completely assessed, or if an oxygen deficiency is possible, only SCBA's should be used.
6.2 Environmental precautions	Prevent product from entering sewers, rivers or other bodies of water. If necessary dike the product with dry earth, sand or similar non-combustible materials. In case of soil contamination, remove contaminated soil and treat in accordance with local regulations. In case of small spillages in closed waters (i.e. ports), contain product with floating barriers or other equipment. Collect spilled product by absorbing with specific floating absorbents. If possible, large spillages in open waters should be contained with floating barriers or other mechanical means. If this is not possible, control the spreading of the spillage, and collect the product by skimming or other suitable mechanical means. The use of dispersants should be advised by an expert, and, if required, approved by local authorities.
6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning	up
Small spill	Stop leak if without risk. Absorb spilled product with suitable non-combustible materials.
Large spill	Large spillages may be cautiously covered with foam, if available, to limit vapour cloud formation. Do not use water jet. When inside buildings or confined spaces, ensure adequate ventilation. Transfer collected product and other contaminated materials to suitable containers for recovery or safe disposal.
6.4 Reference to other sections	See Section 1: For emergency contact information. See Section 8: For information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13: For additional waste treatment information.
Section 7: Handling and Storage	
7.1 Advice on general information – hygiene, storage	Obtain special instructions before use. Keep away from heat / sparks / open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking. Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Hazard of slipping on spilt product. Avoid release to the environment.
7.2 Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities	Storage area layout, tank design, equipment and operating procedures must comply with the relevant regional, national or local legislation. Storage installations should be designed with adequate bunds in case of leaks or spills. Cleaning, inspection and maintenance of internal structure of storage tanks must be done only by properly equipped and qualified personnel as defined by national, local or company regulations. Store separately from oxidising agents.
7.3 Specific end use(s) – Recommendations	Keep only in the original container or in a suitable container for this kind of product. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Empty containers may contain harmful, flammable / combustible or explosive residue or vapours. Do not cut, grind, drill, weld, reuse or dispose of containers unless adequate precautions are taken against these hazards. Protect from sunlight.







Section 8: Exposure Controls / Personal Protection	n
The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted	for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).
8.1 Control parameters	
Occupational exposure limits	
Product / Ingredient name	AFS 2015:7 (Sweden, 12/2015). TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: mist and fume STEL: 3 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: mist and fume.
Exposure limits values	Distillates, mixture of hydrocarbons AFS 2015:7 (Sweden, 12/2015). TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: mist and fume STEL: 3 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: mist and fume [Air contaminant]
Recommended monitoring procedures	If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres – Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres – Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres – General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents). Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.
8.2 Exposure control Appropriate engineering controls	Mechanical ventilation and local exhaust will reduce exposure via the air. Use oil resistant material in construction of handling equipment. Store under recommended conditions and if heated, temperature control equipment should be used to avoid overheating.
Individual protection measures	
Hygiene measures	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
Eye / face protection	Recommended: Safety glasses with side shields.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	4 – 8 hours (breakthrough time): nitrile rubber.
Body protection	Wear protective clothing if there is a risk of skin contact. Change contaminated clothes at the end of working shift.
Other skin protection	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Use a properly fitted, particulate filter respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.
Environmental exposure control	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties	
Appearance	Clear
Physical state	Liquid
Colour	Yellow
Odor	Petroleum odor
Odour threshold	Not available
рН	Not applicable
Pour point	< -3.0 °C (ASTM D 97)
Flash point	> 250 °C
Evaporation rate	Not available
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available
Flammability limits in air (lower), % by volume	Not available
Flammability limits in air (upper), % by volume	Not available
Vapour pressure	≤ 0,1 hPa (20 °C) (Mineral oil, ASTM D 5191) (CONCAWE, 2010)
Density (g/ml)	0.850 max at 15 ℃







Solubility (water)		Insoluble in wat	ter			
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water) Not avail		Not available	Not available			
Decomposition temperature No data		No data	No data			
Auto-ignition temperature >250 °C		50 °C				
Kinematic viscosity at 40 °C (104 °	F)	20 – 35 cSt. (AS	TM D 445)			
Explosive properties		No data				
Oxidising properties		No data				
DMSO extractable compounds for	v base oil substance(s)	Not available				
according to IP346		<3.0 %				
Section 10: Stability and Rea	ctivity					
10.1 Reactivity		No specific test	data related to reactivity availa	able for this product or its ing	redients.	
10.2 Chemical stability		Stable under no	ormal conditions			
10.3 Possibility of hazardous rea	ctions	Under normal c	onditions of storage and use, h	azardous reactions will not o	ccur. Oxidising agent.	
10.4 Conditions to avoid		Keep away from	n extreme heat and oxidising a	gents.		
10.5 Incompatible materials		Incomplete con	nbustion is likely to give rise to	a complex mixture of airborn	ie solid and liquid	
10.6 Hazardous decomposition	products	unidentified org	ganic and inorganic compound	Is.	suphane acia ana	
SECTION 11: Toxicological In	formation					
11.1 Information on toxicologica	al effects					
Acute toxicity						
Product / ingredient name	Result		Species	Dose	Exposure	
	LC 50 Inhalation dus	ts and mists	Rat	>2.18mg/l	4 hours	
Distillate (Petroleum), hydro	LD 50 Dern	nal	Rabbit	> 5000 mg/kg	-	
treated heavy paramine	LD 50 Ora	al	Rat	>15000 mg/kg	-	
Irritation / corrosion						
Skin						
Eve		No known significant effects or critical hazards.				
Respiratory						
Sensation						
Skin						
Respiratory		No known significant effects or critical hazards.				
Mutagenicity	Mutagenicity No data availat					
multigene or g		No data availab	le to indicate product or any co	omponents present greater th	1an 0.1 % are	
Carcinogenicity		No data availab multigene or ge The base oil(s) i	le to indicate product or any co motoxic.	omponents present greater th	an 0.1 % are	
Carcinogenicity Reproductive toxicity		No data availab multigene or ge The base oil(s) in The product sho Contains no inc	le to indicate product or any co motoxic. In this product is based on an so puld not be regarded as a carci predient listed as toxic to reprod	omponents present greater th everely hydrotreated distillate nogen. duction.	nan 0.1 % are 2.	
Carcinogenicity Reproductive toxicity	ale exposure	No data availab multigene or ge The base oil(s) in The product she Contains no ing	le to indicate product or any co enotoxic. In this product is based on an so puld not be regarded as a carci redient listed as toxic to reprod	omponents present greater th everely hydrotreated distillate nogen. duction.	nan 0.1 % are <u>9</u> .	
Carcinogenicity Reproductive toxicity Specific target organ toxicity – sin Specific target organ toxicity – rer	gle exposure	No data availab multigene or ge The base oil(s) i The product she Contains no ing Not classified	le to indicate product or any co enotoxic. In this product is based on an so puld not be regarded as a carci redient listed as toxic to reprod	omponents present greater th everely hydrotreated distillate nogen. duction.	nan 0.1 % are 2.	
Carcinogenicity Reproductive toxicity Specific target organ toxicity – sin Specific target organ toxicity – rep Aspiration bazard	gle exposure beated exposure	No data availab multigene or ge The base oil(s) ii The product she Contains no ing Not classified	le to indicate product or any co motoxic. In this product is based on an so ould not be regarded as a carci redient listed as toxic to reprod	omponents present greater th everely hydrotreated distillate nogen. duction.	nan 0.1 % are 2.	
Carcinogenicity Reproductive toxicity Specific target organ toxicity – sin Specific target organ toxicity – rep Aspiration hazard	gle exposure peated exposure	No data availab multigene or ge The base oil(s) in The product she Contains no ing Not classified Aspiration haza Not available	le to indicate product or any co enotoxic. n this product is based on an so ould not be regarded as a carci redient listed as toxic to reprod rd – Category 1	omponents present greater th everely hydrotreated distillate nogen. duction.	nan 0.1 % are	
Carcinogenicity Reproductive toxicity Specific target organ toxicity – sin Specific target organ toxicity – rep Aspiration hazard Information on likely routes of exp Potential acute health effects	gle exposure beated exposure bosure	No data availab multigene or ge The base oil(s) if The product sho Contains no ing Not classified Aspiration haza Not available	le to indicate product or any co enotoxic. In this product is based on an se puld not be regarded as a carci redient listed as toxic to reprod	omponents present greater th everely hydrotreated distillate nogen. duction.	nan 0.1 % are 2.	
Carcinogenicity Reproductive toxicity Specific target organ toxicity – sin Specific target organ toxicity – rep Aspiration hazard Information on likely routes of exp Potential acute health effects	gle exposure beated exposure bosure	No data availab multigene or ge The base oil(s) i The product she Contains no ing Not classified Aspiration haza Not available	le to indicate product or any co enotoxic. In this product is based on an so buld not be regarded as a carci redient listed as toxic to reprod rd – Category 1	omponents present greater th everely hydrotreated distillate nogen. duction.	nan 0.1 % are 2.	
Carcinogenicity Reproductive toxicity Specific target organ toxicity – sin Specific target organ toxicity – rep Aspiration hazard Information on likely routes of exp Potential acute health effects Eye contact Inhalation	gle exposure peated exposure	No data availab multigene or ge The base oil(s) ii The product sho Contains no ing Not classified Aspiration haza Not available Eye contact may Inhalation of oil	le to indicate product or any co motoxic. In this product is based on an so buld not be regarded as a carci redient listed as toxic to reprod rd – Category 1 y cause redness and transient p mist or vapours at elevated te	omponents present greater th everely hydrotreated distillate nogen. duction. duction.	han 0.1 % are	
Carcinogenicity Reproductive toxicity Specific target organ toxicity – sin Specific target organ toxicity – rep Aspiration hazard Information on likely routes of exp Potential acute health effects Eye contact Inhalation	gle exposure peated exposure	No data availab multigene or ge The base oil(s) if The product sho Contains no ing Not classified Aspiration haza Not available Eye contact may Inhalation of oil	le to indicate product or any co motoxic. In this product is based on an so puld not be regarded as a carci redient listed as toxic to reprod rd – Category 1 y cause redness and transient p mist or vapours at elevated te ficant effects or critical bazard	omponents present greater th everely hydrotreated distillate nogen. duction. bain. mperatures may cause respira	han 0.1 % are	
Carcinogenicity Reproductive toxicity Specific target organ toxicity – sin Specific target organ toxicity – rep Aspiration hazard Information on likely routes of exp Potential acute health effects Eye contact Inhalation Skin contact	gle exposure beated exposure	No data availab multigene or ge The base oil(s) if The product sho Contains no ing Not classified Aspiration haza Not available Eye contact may Inhalation of oil No known signi	le to indicate product or any co enotoxic. In this product is based on an so buld not be regarded as a carci redient listed as toxic to reprod rd – Category 1 y cause redness and transient p mist or vapours at elevated te ficant effects or critical hazards wallowed and enters airways	omponents present greater th everely hydrotreated distillate nogen. duction. bain. mperatures may cause respira	han 0.1 % are 2. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3.	
Carcinogenicity Reproductive toxicity Specific target organ toxicity – sin Specific target organ toxicity – rep Aspiration hazard Information on likely routes of exp Potential acute health effects Eye contact Inhalation Skin contact Ingestion	gle exposure beated exposure bosure	No data availab multigene or ge The base oil(s) i The product she Contains no ing Not classified Aspiration haza Not available Eye contact may Inhalation of oil No known signi May be fatal if s	le to indicate product or any co enotoxic. In this product is based on an so buld not be regarded as a carci redient listed as toxic to reprod rd – Category 1 y cause redness and transient p mist or vapours at elevated te ficant effects or critical hazards wallowed and enters airways.	pomponents present greater th everely hydrotreated distillate nogen. duction. duction.	an 0.1 % are 2. atory irritation.	
Carcinogenicity Reproductive toxicity Specific target organ toxicity – sin Specific target organ toxicity – rep Aspiration hazard Information on likely routes of exp Potential acute health effects Eye contact Inhalation Skin contact Ingestion Potential chronic health effects General	gle exposure beated exposure bosure	No data availab multigene or ge The base oil(s) ii The product sho Contains no ing Not classified Aspiration haza Not available Eye contact may Inhalation of oil No known signi May be fatal if s	le to indicate product or any co enotoxic. In this product is based on an se ould not be regarded as a carci redient listed as toxic to reprod rd – Category 1 y cause redness and transient p mist or vapours at elevated te ficant effects or critical hazards wallowed and enters airways.	pomponents present greater th everely hydrotreated distillate nogen. duction. pain. mperatures may cause respira s.	han 0.1 % are 2. atory irritation.	
Carcinogenicity Reproductive toxicity Specific target organ toxicity – sin Specific target organ toxicity – rep Aspiration hazard Information on likely routes of exp Potential acute health effects Eye contact Inhalation Skin contact Ingestion Potential chronic health effects General	gle exposure peated exposure posure	No data availab multigene or ge The base oil(s) ii The product sho Contains no ing Not classified Aspiration haza Not available Eye contact may Inhalation of oil No known signi May be fatal if s	le to indicate product or any co motoxic. In this product is based on an so puld not be regarded as a carci redient listed as toxic to reprod rd – Category 1 y cause redness and transient p mist or vapours at elevated te ficant effects or critical hazards wallowed and enters airways. ficant effects or critical hazards	pomponents present greater th everely hydrotreated distillate nogen. duction. pain. mperatures may cause respira 5.	an 0.1 % are	







Mutagenicity							
Teratogenicity		No harven similaren eta en estis el harvende					
Product / ingredient name		No known s	No known significant effects or critical hazards.				
Fertility effects							
Other information Specific hazard		Not availab	le				
Section 12: Ecological Information	l						
12.1 Toxicity		Not expected to be harmful to aquatic organisms.					
12.2 Persistence and degradability		Not inherently biodegradable					
12.3 Bioaccumulative potential		Bioaccumu	lation is unlikely to be significan	t because of the low water solu	bility of this product.		
12.4 Mobility in soil		Not considered mobile					
12.5 Results of PBT & vPvB assessment		Not applica	ble				
12.6 Other adverse effects		Insoluble in Oxygen trai	water. Spills may form a film or nsfer could also be impaired.	n water surfaces causing physica	al damage to organisms.		
Section 13: Disposal Consideration	15						
The information in this section contains information provided in the Exposure Sc	generic advice and enario(s).	l guidance. T	he list of Identified Uses in Secti	on 1 should be consulted for ar	ny available use-specific		
Product Methods of disposal Where possible (e.g. in the absence of relevant contamination), recycling of used substance is feasible and recommended. This substance can be burned or incinerated, subject to national/local authorisations, relevant contamination limits, safety regulations and air quality legislation. Contam or waste substance (not directly recyclable): Disposal can be carried out directly, or by delivery to qualified waste handlers. National legislation may identify a specific organisation, and/or prescribe composition limits and methods for recovery or disposal					of used substance is subject to national/local iality legislation. Contaminated rectly, or by delivery to isation, and/or prescribe		
Hazardous waste		Yes					
European waste catalogue (EWC) Waste	Code 13 03 07*	Waste desig	gnation.				
Packaging		Mineral-ba	sed non-chlorinated insulating	and heat transmission oils.			
Methods of disposal		The genera recycled. In	tion of waste should be avoided cineration or landfill should only	l or minimised wherever possib y be considered when recycling	le. Waste packaging should be i is not feasible.		
Section 14: Transport Information							
International transport regulations							
	ADR / R	ID	ADN	IMO / IMDG Classification	ICAO / IATA Classification		
14.1 UN number	Not regula	ated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated		
14.2 UN proper shipping name	_		_	_	_		
14.3 Transport bazard class(es)	_		_	_	_		
14.4 Packing group	_		_	_	_		
14.5 Environmental bazards	No		No	No	No		
Additional Information	-		-	-	-		
14.6 Special precautions for user oils14.7 Transport in bulk according to An	nex I of MARPOL 7	73/78 and the	e IBC Code				
Section 15: Regulatory Informatio	n						
15.1 Safety, health and environmental	regulations / legis	slation specif	fic for the substance or mixture	EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/	2006 (REACH)		
Annex XIV – List of substances subject to authorisation Annex XIV Substances of very high concern		None of the components are listed					
Annex XVII – Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles.		Not applicable					
International Lists National Inventory		Inventory r	name				
Australia		Australian I	nventory of Chemical Substance	es (AICS) – Yes			
Canada		Domestic Substances List (DSL) – Yes					
China		Inventory of Evicting Chamical Substances in China (ECCC) Var					
China		inventory 0	TEASUNG CHEMICAL SUBSIANCES	in chilla (IECSC) – Tes			







Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS) – Yes		
	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS) – No		
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS) – Yes		
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL) – Yes		
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory – Yes		
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS) – Yes		
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory – Yes		
$^*\text{A}$ "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comp A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product	oly with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s) uct are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).		
Section 16: Other Information			
Revision comments			
Legend to abbreviations			
ADR	European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous good by road.		
RID	Regulations agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous good by rail.		
IMDG Code	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code.		
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization.		
IATA	International Air Transport Association.		
GHS	Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.		
CLP	Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.1272/2008].		
SCBA	Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus.		
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006].		
LC 50	Median lethal concentration.		
LD 50	Median lethal dose.		
РВТ	Persistent, Bio accumulative and Toxic.		

GANDHAR OIL REFINERY (INDIA) LTD.		
Taloja Plant	Plot No.10, MIDC, Main Road, Taloja, Taluka Panvel, District - Raigad 410208, India.	
Silvassa Plant	Plot No. 2, Survey No. 678/1/3, Village Naroli, Near Naroli Check Post, Silvassa, Dadra & Nagar Haveli, Union Territory 396230, India.	
Emergency / Info Phone No.	Phone: +91-22-40635600 • Fax: +91-22-40635601	
Email	info@gandharoil.com	





DIVYOL RUBBER FLEX P25

Section 1: Identification of the Substance / Mixture			
1.1 Product identifier			
Product name	Divyol Rubber Flex P25		
Product description	Paraffinic Oil		
Product type	Rubber Process Oil		
MARPOL Annex-1	****		
1.2 Identified uses			
Distribution of substance	Industrial		
Formulation & (re)packing of substance & mixtures	Industrial		
Manufacture of substance	Industrial		
Functional fluids	Industrial		
Section 2: Hazard Identification			
4-Extreme	Health	1	
3-High	Flammability	1	
2-Moderate	Reactivity	0	
1-Slight	Special	-	
Section 3: Compostion / Information on Ingredien	ts		
Product / Ingredient name	Distillates (Petroleum) mixture of I	nydro-treated hydrocarbons	
Section 4: First Aid Measures			
Inhalation exposure	Remove to fresh air & provide oxyg	en, if breathing is difficult. Contact physician	
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing. Flush skin with water. Wash skin thoroughly with mild soap & water. If irritation occurs, call a physician.		
Swallowing or other	Do not induce vomiting. In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities are ingested. Get medical advice.		
Eye contact	Rinse continuously with water for several minutes. Get medical attention, if irritation persists.		
Protection first-aiders	Disconnecting electrical supply. En available before entry into confine	sure adequate ventilation and check that a safe and breathing area is d spaces.	
Section 5: Fire Fighting Measures			
5.1 Extinguishing media			
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Use dry powder, foam, carbon dioxide. Do not use direct water and wet chemicals, or water on the burning product. They may spread the fire. Use foam simultaneously on the surface.		
5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture			
Hazards from the substance or mixture	Flammable liquids in pressurised containers may rupture and when exposed to heat, creating a highly flammable vapour cloud.		
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	Incomplete combustion is likely to give rise to a complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates, gases, including carbon monoxide, H ₂ S, SO _x (sulphur oxides) or sulphuric acid and unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.		
5.3 Advice for firefighters			
Special precautions for firefighters	Promptly isolate the scene by remo action shall be taken involving any	oving all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No personal risk or without suitable training.	
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Firefighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face- piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for firefighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.		







6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures			
For non-emergency personnel	Keep non-involved personnel away from the area of spillage. Alert emergency personnel. Except in case of small spillages, the feasibility of any actions should always be assessed and advised, if possible, by a trained, competent person in charge of managing the emergency. Stop leak if safe to do so. Avoid direct contact with the product. Stay upwind / keep distance from source. In case of large spillages, alert occupants in downwind areas. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Spillages of limited amounts of product, especially in the open air when vapours will be usually quickly dispersed, are dynamic situations, which will presumably limit the exposure to dangerous concentrations. Note : Recommended measures are based on the most likely spillage scenarios for this material; however, local conditions (wind, air temperature, wave / current direction and speed) may significantly influence the choice of appropriate actions.		
For emergency responders	For this reason, local experts should be consulted when necessary. Local regulations may also prescribe or limit actions to be taken. Small spillages: Normal antistatic working clothes are usually adequate. Large spillages: Full body suit of chemically resistant and thermal resistant material should be used. Work gloves providing adequate chemical resistance, specifically to aromatic hydrocarbons. Note: Gloves made of PVA are not water-resistant, and are not suitable for emergency use. Safety helmet, antistatic non-skid safety shoes or boots. Goggles and / or face shield, if splashes or contact with eyes is possible or anticipated. Respiratory Protection : A half or full-face respirator with filter(s) for organic vapours (and when applicable for H ₂ S) a Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) can be used according to the extent of spill and predictable amount of exposure. If the situation cannot be completely assessed, or if an oxygen deficiency is possible, only SCBA's should be used.		
6.2 Environmental precautions	Prevent product from entering sewers, rivers or other bodies of water. If necessary dike the product with dry earth, sand or similar non-combustible materials. In case of soil contamination, remove contaminated soil and treat in accordance with local regulations. In case of small spillages in closed waters (i.e. ports), contain product with floating barriers or other equipment. Collect spilled product by absorbing with specific floating absorbents. If possible, large spillages in open waters should be contained with floating barriers or other mechanical means. If this is not possible, control the spreading of the spillage, and collect the product by skimming or other suitable mechanical means. The use of dispersants should be advised by an expert, and, if required, approved by local authorities.		
6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up			
Small spill	Stop leak if without risk. Absorb spilled product with suitable non-combustible materials.		
Large spill	Large spillages may be cautiously covered with foam, if available, to limit vapour cloud formation. Do not use water jet. When inside buildings or confined spaces, ensure adequate ventilation. Transfer collected product and other contaminated materials to suitable containers for recovery or safe disposal.		
6.4 Reference to other sections	See Section 1: For emergency contact information. See Section 8: For information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13: For additional waste treatment information.		
Section 7: Handling and Storage			
7.1 Advice on general information – hygiene, storage	Obtain special instructions before use. Keep away from heat / sparks / open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking. Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Hazard of slipping on spilt product. Avoid release to the environment.		
7.2 Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities	Storage area layout, tank design, equipment and operating procedures must comply with the relevant regional, national or local legislation. Storage installations should be designed with adequate bunds in case of leaks or spills. Cleaning, inspection and maintenance of internal structure of storage tanks must be done only by properly equipped and qualified personnel as defined by national, local or company regulations. Store separately from oxidising agents.		
7.3 Specific end use(s) – Recommendations	Keep only in the original container or in a suitable container for this kind of product. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Empty containers may contain harmful, flammable / combustible or explosive residue or vapours. Do not cut, grind, drill, weld, reuse or dispose of containers unless adequate precautions are taken against these hazards. Protect from sunlight.		







Section 8: Exposure Controls / Personal Protection			
The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).			
8.1 Control parameters			
Occupational exposure limits			
Product / Ingredient name	AFS 2015:7 (Sweden, 12/2015). TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: mist and fume STEL: 3 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: mist and fume.		
Exposure limits values	Distillates, mixture of hydrocarbons AFS 2015:7 (Sweden, 12/2015). TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: mist and fume STEL: 3 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: mist and fume [Air contaminant]		
Recommended monitoring procedures	If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres – Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres – Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres – General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents). Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.		
8.2 Exposure control Appropriate engineering controls	Mechanical ventilation and local exhaust will reduce exposure via the air. Use oil resistant material in construction of handling equipment. Store under recommended conditions and if heated, temperature control equipment should be used to avoid overheating.		
Individual protection measures			
Hygiene measures	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.		
Eye / face protection	Recommended: Safety glasses with side shields.		
Skin protection			
Hand protection	4 – 8 hours (breakthrough time): nitrile rubber.		
Body protection	Wear protective clothing if there is a risk of skin contact. Change contaminated clothes at the end of working shift.		
Other skin protection	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.		
Respiratory protection	Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Use a properly fitted, particulate filter respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.		
Environmental exposure control	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.		
Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties			
Appearance	Clear		
Physical state	Liquid		
Colour	Yellow		
Odor	Petroleum odor		
Odour threshold	Not available		
рН	Not applicable		
Pour point	< -3.0 °C (ASTM D 97)		
Flash point	> 270 °C		
Evaporation rate	Not available		
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available		
Flammability limits in air (lower), % by volume	Not available		
Flammability limits in air (upper), % by volume	Not available		
Vapour pressure	≤ 0,1 hPa (20 °C) (Mineral oil, ASTM D 5191) (CONCAWE, 2010)		
Density (g/ml)	0.890 max at 15 °C		







Solubility (water)	ubility (water)		Insoluble in water			
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)		Not available				
Decomposition temperature		No data				
Auto-ignition temperature		>500 °C				
Kinematic viscosity at 40 °C (104 °	F)	400 – 480 cSt. (ASTM D 445)				
Explosive properties		No data				
Oxidising properties		No data				
DMSO extractable compounds fo according to IP346	r base oil substance(s)	<3.0 %				
Section 10: Stability and Rea	ctivity	•				
10.1 Reactivity		No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.				
10.2 Chemical stability		Stable under no	ormal conditions			
10.3 Possibility of hazardous rea	octions	Under normal c	conditions of storage and use, h	nazardous reactions will not o	ccur. Oxidising agent.	
10.4 Conditions to avoid		Keep away from	n extreme heat and oxidising a	gents.		
10.5 Incompatible materials		Incomplete con	nbustion is likely to give rise to	a complex mixture of airborn	e solid and liquid	
10.6 Hazardous decomposition	products	unidentified or	ses, including carbon monoxid ganic and inorganic compound	e, H ₂ S, SO _x (sulphur oxides) or ls.	r sulphuric acid and	
SECTION 11: Toxicological In	formation					
11.1 Information on toxicologica	al effects					
Acute toxicity						
Product / ingredient name	Result		Species	Dose	Exposure	
	LC 50 Inhalation due	sts and mists	Rat	>2.18mg/l	4 hours	
Distillate (Petroleum), hydro	LD 50 Derr	nal	Rabbit	> 5000 mg/kg	_	
treated heavy paramnic	LD 50 Ora	al	Rat	>15000 mg/kg	_	
Irritation / correction			II			
Skip						
Evo		No known significant effects or critical bazards				
Lye		No known significant effects of critical hazards.				
Sensation		No known significant effects or critical hazards.				
Skin						
Respiratory		NI 1	1		0.4.0/	
Mutagenicity		No data available to indicate product or any components present greater than 0.1 % are multigene or genotoxic.				
Carcinogenicity		The base oil(s) in this product is based on an severely hydrotreated distillate.				
Reproductive toxicity		The product should not be regarded as a carcinogen. Contains no ingredient listed as toxic to reproduction.				
Specific target organ toxicity – sin	igle exposure	Not classified	Not classified			
Specific target organ toxicity – rep	beated exposure					
Aspiration hazard		Aspiration hazard – Category 1				
Information on likely routes of exposure		Not available				
Potential acute health effects						
Eye contact		Eye contact may cause redness and transient pain.				
Inhalation		Inhalation of oil mist or vapours at elevated temperatures may cause respiratory irritation.				
Skin contact		No known significant effects or critical hazards.				
Ingestion		May be fatal if s	wallowed and enters airways.			
Potential chronic health effects						
General		No known significant effects or critical hazards.				
Carcinogenicity		The base oil(s) in this product is based on an severely hydrotreated distillate. The product should not be regarded as a carcinogen.				







Mutagenicity					
Teratogenicity		No lucas da la contra de servicio de la contra de			
Product / ingredient name		No known s) known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Fertility effects					
Other information Specific hazard		Not availab	le		
Section 12: Ecological Information	l				
12.1 Toxicity		Not expected	ed to be harmful to aquatic orga	anisms.	
12.2 Persistence and degradability		Not inherer	ntly biodegradable.		
12.3 Bioaccumulative potential		Bioaccumu	lation is unlikely to be significan	t because of the low water solu	bility of this product.
12.4 Mobility in soil		Not conside	ered mobile.		
12.5 Results of PBT & vPvB assessment		Not applica	ble		
12.6 Other adverse effects		Insoluble in Oxygen trai	water. Spills may form a film or nsfer could also be impaired.	n water surfaces causing physica	al damage to organisms.
Section 13: Disposal Consideration	15				
The information in this section contains information provided in the Exposure Sc	generic advice and enario(s).	l guidance. T	he list of Identified Uses in Secti	on 1 should be consulted for ar	ny available use-specific
Product Methods of disposal		Where possible (e.g. in the absence of relevant contamination), recycling of used substance is feasible and recommended. This substance can be burned or incinerated, subject to national/local authorisations, relevant contamination limits, safety regulations and air quality legislation. Contaminated or waste substance (not directly recyclable): Disposal can be carried out directly, or by delivery to qualified waste handlers. National legislation may identify a specific organisation, and/or prescribe composition limits and methods for recovery or disposal		of used substance is subject to national/local iality legislation. Contaminated rectly, or by delivery to isation, and/or prescribe	
Hazardous waste		Yes			
European waste catalogue (EWC) Waste	Code 13 03 07*	Waste designation.			
Packaging		Mineral-based non-chlorinated insulating and heat transmission oils.			
Methods of disposal		The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.			
Section 14: Transport Information	Section 14: Transport Information				
International transport regulations					
	ADR / R	ID	ADN	IMO / IMDG Classification	ICAO / IATA Classification
14.1 UN number	Not regula	ated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated
14.2 UN proper shipping name	_		_	_	_
14.3 Transport bazard class(es)	_		_	_	_
14.4 Packing group	_		_	_	_
14.5 Environmental bazards	No		No	No	No
Additional Information	-		-	-	-
14.6 Special precautions for user oils 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex I of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code					
Section 15: Regulatory Informatio	n				
15.1 Safety, health and environmental	regulations / legis	slation specif	fic for the substance or mixture	EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/	2006 (REACH)
Annex XIV – List of substances subject to authorisation Annex XIV Substances of very high concern		None of the components are listed			
Annex XVII – Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles.		Not applicable			
International Lists National Inventory		Inventory name			
Australia		Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS) – Yes			
Canada		Domestic Substances List (DSL) – Yes			
China		Inventory of Evicting Chamical Substances in China (IECEC) Var			
China		Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC) – Yes			







Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS) – Yes	
	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS) – No	
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS) – Yes	
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL) – Yes	
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory – Yes	
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS) – Yes	
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory – Yes	
*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s) A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing count		
Section 16: Other Information		
Revision comments		
Legend to abbreviations		
ADR	European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous good by road.	
RID	Regulations agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous good by rail.	
IMDG Code	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code.	
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization.	
IATA	International Air Transport Association.	
GHS	Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.	
CLP	Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.1272/2008].	
SCBA	Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus.	
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006].	
LC 50	Median lethal concentration.	
LD 50	Median lethal dose.	
РВТ	Persistent, Bio accumulative and Toxic.	

GANDHAR OIL REFINERY (INDIA) LTD.		
Taloja Plant	Plot No.10, MIDC, Main Road, Taloja, Taluka Panvel, District - Raigad 410208, India.	
Silvassa Plant	Plot No. 2, Survey No. 678/1/3, Village Naroli, Near Naroli Check Post, Silvassa, Dadra & Nagar Haveli, Union Territory 396230, India.	
Emergency / Info Phone No.	Phone: +91-22-40635600 • Fax: +91-22-40635601	
Email	info@gandharoil.com	





DIVYOL RUBBER FLEX P25L

Section 1: Identification of the Substance / Mixture			
1.1 Product identifier			
Product name	Divyol Rubber Flex P25L		
Product description	Paraffinic Oil		
Product type	Rubber Process Oil		
MARPOL Annex-1	****		
1.2 Identified uses			
Distribution of substance	Industrial		
Formulation & (re)packing of substance & mixtures	Industrial		
Manufacture of substance	Industrial		
Functional fluids	Industrial		
Section 2: Hazard Identification			
4-Extreme	Health	1	
3-High	Flammability	1	
2-Moderate	Reactivity	0	
1-Slight	Special	-	
Section 3: Compostion / Information on Ingredien	ts		
Product / Ingredient name	Distillates (Petroleum) mixture of I	nydro-treated hydrocarbons	
Section 4: First Aid Measures	·		
Inhalation exposure	Remove to fresh air & provide oxyg	en, if breathing is difficult. Contact physician	
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing. Flush skin with water. Wash skin thoroughly with mild soap & water. If irritation occurs, call a physician.		
Swallowing or other	Do not induce vomiting. In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities are ingested. Get medical advice.		
Eye contact	Rinse continuously with water for several minutes. Get medical attention, if irritation persists.		
Protection first-aiders	Disconnecting electrical supply. En available before entry into confine	sure adequate ventilation and check that a safe and breathing area is d spaces.	
Section 5: Fire Fighting Measures			
5.1 Extinguishing media			
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Use dry powder, foam, carbon dioxide. Do not use direct water and wet chemicals, or water on the burning product. They may spread the fire. Use foam simultaneously on the surface.		
5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture			
Hazards from the substance or mixture	Flammable liquids in pressurised containers may rupture and when exposed to heat, creating a highly flammable vapour cloud.		
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	Incomplete combustion is likely to give rise to a complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates, gases, including carbon monoxide, H ₂ S, SO _x (sulphur oxides) or sulphuric acid and unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.		
5.3 Advice for firefighters			
Special precautions for firefighters	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.		
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Firefighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face- piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for firefighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.		





6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures			
For non-emergency personnel	Keep non-involved personnel away from the area of spillage. Alert emergency personnel. Except in case of small spillages, the feasibility of any actions should always be assessed and advised, if possible, by a trained, competent person in charge of managing the emergency. Stop leak if safe to do so. Avoid direct contact with the product. Stay upwind / keep distance from source. In case of large spillages, alert occupants in downwind areas. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Spillages of limited amounts of product, especially in the open air when vapours will be usually quickly dispersed, are dynamic situations, which will presumably limit the exposure to dangerous concentrations. Note : Recommended measures are based on the most likely spillage scenarios for this material; however, local conditions (wind, air temperature, wave / current direction and speed) may significantly influence the choice of appropriate actions.		
For emergency responders	For this reason, local experts should be consulted when necessary. Local regulations may also prescribe or limit actions to be taken. Small spillages: Normal antistatic working clothes are usually adequate. Large spillages: Full body suit of chemically resistant and thermal resistant material should be used. Work gloves providing adequate chemical resistance, specifically to aromatic hydrocarbons. Note: Gloves made of PVA are not water-resistant, and are not suitable for emergency use. Safety helmet, antistatic non-skid safety shoes or boots. Goggles and / or face shield, if splashes or contact with eyes is possible or anticipated. Respiratory Protection : A half or full-face respirator with filter(s) for organic vapours (and when applicable for H ₂ S) a Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) can be used according to the extent of spill and predictable amount of exposure. If the situation cannot be completely assessed, or if an oxygen deficiency is possible, only SCBA's should be used.		
6.2 Environmental precautions	Prevent product from entering sewers, rivers or other bodies of water. If necessary dike the product with dry earth, sand or similar non-combustible materials. In case of soil contamination, remove contaminated soil and treat in accordance with local regulations. In case of small spillages in closed waters (i.e. ports), contain product with floating barriers or other equipment. Collect spilled product by absorbing with specific floating absorbents. If possible, large spillages in open waters should be contained with floating barriers or other mechanical means. If this is not possible, control the spreading of the spillage, and collect the product by skimming or other suitable mechanical means. The use of dispersants should be advised by an expert, and, if required, approved by local authorities.		
6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up			
Small spill	Stop leak if without risk. Absorb spilled product with suitable non-combustible materials.		
Large spill	Large spillages may be cautiously covered with foam, if available, to limit vapour cloud formation. Do not use water jet. When inside buildings or confined spaces, ensure adequate ventilation. Transfer collected product and other contaminated materials to suitable containers for recovery or safe disposal.		
6.4 Reference to other sections	See Section 1: For emergency contact information. See Section 8: For information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13: For additional waste treatment information.		
Section 7: Handling and Storage			
7.1 Advice on general information – hygiene, storage	Obtain special instructions before use. Keep away from heat / sparks / open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking. Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Hazard of slipping on spilt product. Avoid release to the environment.		
7.2 Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities	Storage area layout, tank design, equipment and operating procedures must comply with the relevant regional, national or local legislation. Storage installations should be designed with adequate bunds in case of leaks or spills. Cleaning, inspection and maintenance of internal structure of storage tanks must be done only by properly equipped and qualified personnel as defined by national, local or company regulations. Store separately from oxidising agents.		
7.3 Specific end use(s) – Recommendations	Keep only in the original container or in a suitable container for this kind of product. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Empty containers may contain harmful, flammable / combustible or explosive residue or vapours. Do not cut, grind, drill, weld, reuse or dispose of containers unless adequate precautions are taken against these hazards. Protect from sunlight.		





Section 8: Exposure Controls / Personal Protection			
The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).			
8.1 Control parameters			
Occupational exposure limits			
Product / Ingredient name	AFS 2015:7 (Sweden, 12/2015). TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: mist and fume STEL: 3 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: mist and fume.		
Exposure limits values	Distillates, mixture of hydrocarbons AFS 2015:7 (Sweden, 12/2015). TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: mist and fume STEL: 3 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: mist and fume [Air contaminant]		
Recommended monitoring procedures	If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres – Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres – Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres – General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents). Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.		
8.2 Exposure control Appropriate engineering controls	Mechanical ventilation and local exhaust will reduce exposure via the air. Use oil resistant material in construction of handling equipment. Store under recommended conditions and if heated, temperature control equipment should be used to avoid overheating.		
Individual protection measures			
Hygiene measures	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.		
Eye / face protection	Recommended: Safety glasses with side shields.		
Skin protection			
Hand protection	4 – 8 hours (breakthrough time): nitrile rubber.		
Body protection	Wear protective clothing if there is a risk of skin contact. Change contaminated clothes at the end of working shift.		
Other skin protection	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.		
Respiratory protection	Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Use a properly fitted, particulate filter respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.		
Environmental exposure control	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.		
Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties			
Appearance	Clear		
Physical state	Liquid		
Colour	Yellow		
Odor	Petroleum odor		
Odour threshold	Not available		
рН	Not applicable		
Pour point	< -3.0 °C (ASTM D 97)		
Flash point	> 240 °C		
Evaporation rate	Not available		
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available		
Flammability limits in air (lower), % by volume	Not available		
Flammability limits in air (upper), % by volume	Not available		
Vapour pressure	≤ 0,1 hPa (20 °C) (Mineral oil, ASTM D 5191) (CONCAWE, 2010)		
Density (g/ml)	0.890 max at 15 ℃		







Solubility (water)		Insoluble in water			
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)		Not available			
Decomposition temperature		No data			
Auto-ignition temperature		>450 °C			
Kinematic viscosity at 40 °C (104 °	F)	240 – 260 cSt. (/	ASTM D 445)		
Explosive properties		No data			
Oxidising properties		No data			
DMSO extractable compounds for	r base oil substance(s)	Not available			
according to IP346		<3.0 %			
Section 10: Stability and Rea	ctivity				
10.1 Reactivity		No specific test	data related to reactivity availa	able for this product or its ing	redients.
10.2 Chemical stability		Stable under no	ormal conditions		
10.3 Possibility of hazardous rea	ctions	Under normal c	onditions of storage and use, h	nazardous reactions will not o	ccur. Oxidising agent.
10.4 Conditions to avoid		Keep away from	n extreme heat and oxidising a	gents.	
10.5 Incompatible materials		Incomplete con	nbustion is likely to give rise to	a complex mixture of airborn	e solid and liquid
10.6 Hazardous decomposition	products	unidentified or	ses, including carbon monoxid ganic and inorganic compound	e, H ₂ S, SO _x (sulphur oxides) or ls.	r sulphuric acid and
SECTION 11: Toxicological In	formation				
11.1 Information on toxicologica	al effects				
Acute toxicity					
Product / ingredient name	Result		Species	Dose	Exposure
	LC 50 Inhalation dus	ts and mists	Rat	>2.18mg/l	4 hours
Distillate (Petroleum), hydro	LD 50 Dern	nal	Rabbit	> 5000 mg/kg	_
treated heavy paraffinic	LD 50 Ora	al	Rat	>15000 mg/kg	_
Irritation / correction			I		II
Skin					
Eve		No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Respiratory					
Respiratory					
Skin					
Besniratory		No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
nespiratory		No data availab	le to indicate product or any co	omponents present greater th	an 0.1% are
Mutagenicity		multigene or genotoxic.			
Carcinogenicity		The base oil(s) in this product is based on an severely hydrotreated distillate.			
Reproductive toxicity		The product should not be regarded as a carcinogen. Contains no ingredient listed as toxic to reproduction.			
Specific target organ toxicity – sin	gle exposure	Not classified			
Specific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure		Not classified			
Aspiration hazard		Aspiration hazard – Category 1			
Information on likely routes of exposure		Not available			
Potential acute health effects					
Eye contact		Eye contact may cause redness and transient pain.			
Inhalation		Inhalation of oil mist or vapours at elevated temperatures may cause respiratory irritation.			
Skin contact		No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Ingestion		May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.			
Potential chronic health effects					
General		No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Carcinogenicity		The base oil(s) in this product is based on an severely hydrotreated distillate. The product should not be regarded as a carcinogen.			







Mutagenicity					
Teratogenicity Product / ingredient name					
		NO KNOWN S	significant effects or critical haza	ards.	
Fertility effects					
Other information Specific hazard		Not availab	le		
Section 12: Ecological Information					
12.1 Toxicity		Not expected	ed to be harmful to aquatic orga	anisms.	
12.2 Persistence and degradability		Not inherer	ntly biodegradable.		
12.3 Bioaccumulative potential		Bioaccumu	lation is unlikely to be significan	t because of the low water solu	bility of this product.
12.4 Mobility in soil		Not considered mobile.			
12.5 Results of PBT & vPvB assessment		Not applica	ble		
12.6 Other adverse effects		Insoluble in Oxygen trai	water. Spills may form a film or nsfer could also be impaired.	n water surfaces causing physica	al damage to organisms.
Section 13: Disposal Consideration	ns	73	<u> </u>		
The information in this section contains information provided in the Exposure Sc	generic advice and enario(s).	l guidance. T	he list of Identified Uses in Secti	on 1 should be consulted for ar	ny available use-specific
Product Methods of disposal		Where possible (e.g. in the absence of relevant contamination), recycling of used substance is feasible and recommended. This substance can be burned or incinerated, subject to national/local authorisations, relevant contamination limits, safety regulations and air quality legislation. Contaminated or waste substance (not directly recyclable): Disposal can be carried out directly, or by delivery to qualified waste handlers. National legislation may identify a specific organisation, and/or prescribe composition limits and methods for recovery or disposal			
Hazardous waste		Yes			
European waste catalogue (EWC) Waste	Code 13 03 07*	Waste designation.			
Packaging		Mineral-ba	sed non-chlorinated insulating	and heat transmission oils.	
Methods of disposal		The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.			
Section 14: Transport Information					
International transport regulations					
	ADR / R	ID	ADN	IMO / IMDG Classification	ICAO / IATA Classification
14.1 UN number	Not regula	ated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated
14.2 UN proper shipping name	_		_	_	_
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	_		_	_	_
14.4 Packing group	_		_	_	_
14.5 Environmental hazards	No		No	No	No
Additional Information	_		_	_	_
14.6 Special precautions for user oils 14.7 Transport in bulk according to An	nex I of MARPOL 7	/3/78 and the	e IBC Code		
Section 15: Regulatory Informatio	n				
15.1 Safety, health and environmental	regulations / legis	slation specif	fic for the substance or mixture	e EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/	2006 (REACH)
Annex XIV – List of substances subject to authorisation Annex XIV Substances of very high concern		None of the components are listed			
Annex XVII – Restrictions on the manufa on the market and use of certain danger mixtures and articles.	cture, placing ous substances,	Not applicable			
International Lists National Inventory		Inventory name			
Australia		Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS) – Yes			
Canada		Domestic Substances List (DSL) – Yes			
China		Inventory of Evicting Chamical Substances in China (IECSC) Vac			
China		inventory 0	LAISTING CHEMICAL SUBSTAILLES		







Furene	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS) – Yes		
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS) – No		
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS) – Yes		
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL) – Yes		
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory – Yes		
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS) – Yes		
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory – Yes		
$^{*}\mbox{A}$ "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comp A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product the product of the prod	oly with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s) uct are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).		
Section 16: Other Information			
Revision comments			
Legend to abbreviations			
ADR	European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous good by road.		
RID	Regulations agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous good by rail.		
IMDG Code	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code.		
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization.		
IATA	International Air Transport Association.		
GHS	Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.		
CLP	Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.1272/2008].		
SCBA	Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus.		
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006].		
LC 50	Median lethal concentration.		
LD 50	Median lethal dose.		
РВТ	Persistent, Bio accumulative and Toxic.		

GANDHAR OIL REFINERY (INDIA) LTD.				
Taloja Plant	Plot No.10, MIDC, Main Road, Taloja, Taluka Panvel, District - Raigad 410208, India.			
Silvassa Plant	Plot No. 2, Survey No. 678/1/3, Village Naroli, Near Naroli Check Post, Silvassa, Dadra & Nagar Haveli, Union Territory 396230, India.			
Emergency / Info Phone No.	Phone: +91-22-40635600 • Fax: +91-22-40635601			
Email	info@gandharoil.com			





DIVYOL RUBBER FLEX P

Section 1: Identification of the Substance / Mixture				
1.1 Product identifier				
Product name	Divyol Rubber Flex P			
Product description	Paraffinic Oil			
Product type	Rubber Process Oil			
MARPOL Annex-1	****			
1.2 Identified uses				
Distribution of substance	Industrial			
Formulation & (re)packing of substance & mixtures	Industrial			
Manufacture of substance	Industrial			
Functional fluids	Industrial			
Section 2: Hazard Identification				
4-Extreme	Health	1		
3-High	Flammability	1		
2-Moderate	Reactivity	0		
1-Slight	Special	-		
Section 3: Compostion / Information on Ingredien	ts			
Product / Ingredient name	Distillates (Petroleum) mixture of h	nydro-treated hydrocarbons		
Section 4: First Aid Measures	·			
Inhalation exposure	Remove to fresh air & provide oxygen, if breathing is difficult. Contact physician			
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing. Flush skin with water. Wash skin thoroughly with mild soap & water. If irritation occurs, call a physician.			
Swallowing or other	Do not induce vomiting. In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities are ingested. Get medical advice.			
Eye contact	Rinse continuously with water for s	everal minutes. Get medical attention, if irritation persists.		
Protection first-aiders	Disconnecting electrical supply. En available before entry into confine	sure adequate ventilation and check that a safe and breathing area is d spaces.		
Section 5: Fire Fighting Measures				
5.1 Extinguishing media				
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Use dry powder, foam, carbon dioxide. Do not use direct water and wet chemicals, or water on the burning product. They may spread the fire. Use foam simultaneously on the surface.			
5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixtur	e			
Hazards from the substance or mixture	Flammable liquids in pressurised containers may rupture and when exposed to heat, creating a highly flammable vapour cloud.			
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	Incomplete combustion is likely to give rise to a complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates, gases, including carbon monoxide, H_2S , SO_x (sulphur oxides) or sulphuric acid and unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.			
5.3 Advice for firefighters				
Special precautions for firefighters	Promptly isolate the scene by remo action shall be taken involving any	oving all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No personal risk or without suitable training.		
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Firefighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face- piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for firefighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic leve of protection for chemical incidents.			







6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures					
For non-emergency personnel	Keep non-involved personnel away from the area of spillage. Alert emergency personnel. Except in case of small spillages, the feasibility of any actions should always be assessed and advised, if possible, by a trained, competent person in charge of managing the emergency. Stop leak if safe to do so. Avoid direct contact with the product. Stay upwind / keep distance from source. In case of large spillages, alert occupants in downwind areas. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Spillages of limited amounts of product, especially in the open air when vapours will be usually quickly dispersed, are dynamic situations, which will presumably limit the exposure to dangerous concentrations. Note : Recommended measures are based on the most likely spillage scenarios for this material; however, local conditions (wind, air temperature, wave / current direction and speed) may significantly influence the choice of appropriate actions.				
For emergency responders	For this reason, local experts should be consulted when necessary. Local regulations may also prescribe or limit actions to be taken. Small spillages: Normal antistatic working clothes are usually adequate. Large spillages: Full body suit of chemically resistant and thermal resistant material should be used. Work gloves providing adequate chemical resistance, specifically to aromatic hydrocarbons. Note: Gloves made of PVA are not water-resistant, and are not suitable for emergency use. Safety helmet, antistatic non-skid safety shoes or boots. Goggles and / or face shield, if splashes or contact with eyes is possible or anticipated. Respiratory Protection : A half or full-face respirator with filter(s) for organic vapours (and when applicable for H ₂ S) a Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) can be used according to the extent of spill and predictable amount of exposure. If the situation cannot be completely assessed, or if an oxygen deficiency is possible, only SCBA's should be used.				
6.2 Environmental precautions	Prevent product from entering sewers, rivers or other bodies of water. If necessary dike the product with dry earth, sand or similar non-combustible materials. In case of soil contamination, remove contaminated soil and treat in accordance with local regulations. In case of small spillages in closed waters (i.e. ports), contain product with floating barriers or other equipment. Collect spilled product by absorbing with specific floating absorbents. If possible, large spillages in open waters should be contained with floating barriers or other mechanical means. If this is not possible, control the spreading of the spillage, and collect the product by skimming or other suitable mechanical means. The use of dispersants should be advised by an expert, and, if required, approved by local authorities.				
6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up					
Small spill	Stop leak if without risk. Absorb spilled product with suitable non-combustible materials.				
Large spill	Large spillages may be cautiously covered with foam, if available, to limit vapour cloud formation. Do not use water jet. When inside buildings or confined spaces, ensure adequate ventilation. Transfer collected product and other contaminated materials to suitable containers for recovery or safe disposal.				
6.4 Reference to other sections	See Section 1: For emergency contact information. See Section 8: For information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13: For additional waste treatment information.				
Section 7: Handling and Storage					
7.1 Advice on general information – hygiene, storage	Obtain special instructions before use. Keep away from heat / sparks / open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking. Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Hazard of slipping on spilt product. Avoid release to the environment.				
7.2 Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities	Storage area layout, tank design, equipment and operating procedures must comply with the relevant regional, national or local legislation. Storage installations should be designed with adequate bunds in case of leaks or spills. Cleaning, inspection and maintenance of internal structure of storage tanks must be done only by properly equipped and qualified personnel as defined by national, local or company regulations. Store separately from oxidising agents.				
7.3 Specific end use(s) – Recommendations	Keep only in the original container or in a suitable container for this kind of product. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Empty containers may contain harmful, flammable / combustible or explosive residue or vapours. Do not cut, grind, drill, weld, reuse or dispose of containers unless adequate precautions are taken against these hazards. Protect from sunlight.				





Section 8: Exposure Controls / Personal Protection					
The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).					
8.1 Control parameters					
Occupational exposure limits					
Product / Ingredient name	AFS 2015:7 (Sweden, 12/2015). TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: mist and fume STEL: 3 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: mist and fume.				
Exposure limits values	Distillates, mixture of hydrocarbons AFS 2015:7 (Sweden, 12/2015). TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: mist and fume STEL: 3 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: mist and fume [Air contaminant]				
Recommended monitoring procedures	If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres – Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres – Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres – General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents). Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.				
8.2 Exposure control Appropriate engineering controls	Mechanical ventilation and local exhaust will reduce exposure via the air. Use oil resistant material in construction of handling equipment. Store under recommended conditions and if heated, temperature control equipment should be used to avoid overheating.				
Individual protection measures					
Hygiene measures	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.				
Eye / face protection	Recommended: Safety glasses with side shields.				
Skin protection					
Hand protection	4 – 8 hours (breakthrough time): nitrile rubber.				
Body protection	Wear protective clothing if there is a risk of skin contact. Change contaminated clothes at the end of working shift.				
Other skin protection	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.				
Respiratory protection	Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Use a properly fitted, particulate filter respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.				
Environmental exposure control	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.				
Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties					
Appearance	Clear				
Physical state	Liquid				
Colour	Yellow				
Odor	Petroleum odor				
Odour threshold	Not available				
рН	Not applicable				
Pour point	< -3.0 °C (ASTM D 97)				
Flash point	> 190 °C				
Evaporation rate	Not available				
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available				
Flammability limits in air (lower), % by volume	Not available				
Flammability limits in air (upper), % by volume	Not available				
Vapour pressure	\leq 0,1 hPa (20 °C) (Mineral oil, ASTM D 5191) (CONCAWE, 2010)				
Density (g/ml)	0.88 max at 15 °C				







Solubility (water)		Insoluble in water			
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)		Not available			
Decomposition temperature		No data			
Auto-ignition temperature		>300 °C			
Kinematic viscosity at 40 °C (104 °	F)	28 – 32 cSt. (AS	TM D 445)		
Explosive properties		No data			
Oxidising properties		No data			
DMSO extractable compounds for	r base oil substance(s)	Not available			
according to IP346		<3.0 %			
Section 10: Stability and Rea	ctivity				
10.1 Reactivity		No specific test	data related to reactivity availa	able for this product or its ing	redients.
10.2 Chemical stability		Stable under no	ormal conditions		
10.3 Possibility of hazardous rea	ctions	Under normal c	conditions of storage and use, h	nazardous reactions will not o	ccur. Oxidising agent.
10.4 Conditions to avoid		Keep away from	n extreme heat and oxidising a	gents.	
10.5 Incompatible materials		Incomplete con	nbustion is likely to give rise to	a complex mixture of airborn	e solid and liquid
10.6 Hazardous decomposition	products	unidentified or	ses, including carbon monoxid ganic and inorganic compound	e, H ₂ S, SO _x (sulphur oxides) or ls.	r sulphuric acid and
SECTION 11: Toxicological In	formation	1			
11.1 Information on toxicologica	al effects				
Acute toxicity					
Product / ingredient name	Result		Species	Dose	Exposure
	LC 50 Inhalation due	sts and mists	Rat	>2.18mg/l	4 hours
Distillate (Petroleum), hydro	LD 50 Derr	nal	Rabbit	> 5000 mg/kg	_
treated heavy paraffinic	LD 50 Ora	al	Rat	>15000 mg/kg	_
Irritation / correction			I		II
Skin					
		No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Eye Pespiratory					
Respiratory					
Skin		No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Perpiratory					
Respiratory					
Mutagenicity		multigene or genotoxic.			
Carcinogenicity		The base oil(s) in this product is based on an severely hydrotreated distillate.			
Reproductive toxicity		The product should not be regarded as a carcinogen. Contains no ingredient listed as toxic to reproduction.			
Specific target organ toxicity – sin	gle exposure	Not classified	·		
Specific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure		NOT Classified			
Aspiration hazard		Aspiration hazard – Category 1			
Information on likely routes of exposure		Not available			
Potential acute health effects					
Eye contact		Eye contact may cause redness and transient pain.			
Inhalation		Inhalation of oil mist or vapours at elevated temperatures may cause respiratory irritation.			
Skin contact		No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Ingestion		May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.			
Potential chronic health effects					
General		No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Carcinogenicity		The base oil(s) in this product is based on an severely hydrotreated distillate. The product should not be regarded as a carcinogen.			







Mutagenicity						
Teratogenicity						
Product / ingredient name		NO KNOWN S	significant effects or critical haza	ards.		
Fertility effects						
Other information Specific hazard		Not availab	le			
Section 12: Ecological Information						
12.1 Toxicity		Not expecte	ed to be harmful to aquatic orga	anisms.		
12.2 Persistence and degradability		Not inherently biodegradable.				
12.3 Bioaccumulative potential		Bioaccumulation is unlikely to be significant because of the low water solubility of this product.				
12.4 Mobility in soil		Not conside	ered mobile.			
12.5 Results of PBT & vPvB assessment		Not applicable				
12.6 Other adverse effects		Insoluble in Oxygen trai	n water. Spills may form a film or nsfer could also be impaired.	n water surfaces causing physica	al damage to organisms.	
Section 13: Disposal Consideration	15	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				
The information in this section contains	generic advice and enario(s).	l guidance. T	he list of Identified Uses in Secti	on 1 should be consulted for ar	ny available use-specific	
Product Methods of disposal		Where possible (e.g. in the absence of relevant contamination), recycling of used substance is feasible and recommended. This substance can be burned or incinerated, subject to national/local authorisations, relevant contamination limits, safety regulations and air quality legislation. Contaminated or waste substance (not directly recyclable): Disposal can be carried out directly, or by delivery to qualified waste handlers. National legislation may identify a specific organisation, and/or prescribe composition limits and methods for recovery or disposal				
Hazardous waste		Yes				
European waste catalogue (EWC) Waste	Code 13 03 07*	Waste designation.				
Packaging		Mineral-ba	sed non-chlorinated insulating	and heat transmission oils.		
Methods of disposal		The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.				
Section 14: Transport Information						
International transport regulations						
	ADR / R	ID	ADN	IMO / IMDG Classification	ICAO / IATA Classification	
14.1 UN number	Not regul	ated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	
14.2 UN proper shipping name			_	_	_	
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	_		_	_	_	
14.4 Packing group	_		_	_	_	
14.5 Environmental hazards	No		No	No	No	
Additional Information			_	_	_	
14.6 Special precautions for user oils 14.7 Transport in bulk according to An	14.6 Special precautions for user oils 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex I of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code					
Section 15: Regulatory Informatio	n					
15.1 Safety, health and environmental	regulations / legi	slation specif	fic for the substance or mixture	EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/	2006 (REACH)	
Annex XIV – List of substances subject to authorisation Annex XIV Substances of very high concern		None of the components are listed				
Annex XVII – Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles.		Not applicable				
International Lists National Inventory		Inventory name				
Australia		Australian I	nventory of Chemical Substance	es (AICS) – Yes		
Canada		Domestic Substances List (DSL) – Yes				
China		Inventory of Evicting Chemical Substances in China (IECSC) – Vec				
China						







Furene	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS) – Yes		
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS) – No		
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS) – Yes		
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL) – Yes		
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory – Yes		
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS) – Yes		
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory – Yes		
$^{*}\mbox{A}$ "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comp A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product the product of the prod	oly with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s) uct are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).		
Section 16: Other Information			
Revision comments			
Legend to abbreviations			
ADR	European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous good by road.		
RID	Regulations agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous good by rail.		
IMDG Code	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code.		
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization.		
IATA	International Air Transport Association.		
GHS	Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.		
CLP	Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.1272/2008].		
SCBA	Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus.		
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006].		
LC 50	Median lethal concentration.		
LD 50	Median lethal dose.		
РВТ	Persistent, Bio accumulative and Toxic.		

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Gandhar Oil Refinery (India) Limited

ISO 9001:2015, ISO 14001:2015, ISO 45001:2018, GMP Certified, NABL Accreditation and Government Recognized Three Start Export House

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